いむるがない

MEN'NY PETERSON & CO., Publishers. PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1869. Price 95.50 A Year, in Advance. Ro., 315 Walnut St., Philade. PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1869.

### LOVE AND BAIN.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. BY ELLA WHEELER.

There's a sob of pain in the dripping rain, As it droppeth adown the eaves; And it ripples along with a mournful song, And falls on the drooping leaves.

It grieves for the smart of a loving heart, And an eye that has lost its light; For the thoughtless word that my lover heard As we stood by the gate last night.

"Twas a foolish jest at the very best, But I did not mean to pain. Yet he left me there in the twilight air,

There is nothing of pain in the dripping rain But a merry, laughing sound, And it ripples along with a mu-ical song, For my lover lost is found.

And the chain that was broke by the word I

spoke, We have welded fast once more, And the severed link is atronger I think Than ever it was before.

Beat, oh! rain at the window pane, Drop from the dripping boughs; It matters not, for my heart is fraught With the joy of its new-made vows.

### GEORGE CANTERBURY'S WILL.

AUTHOR OF "EAST LYNNE," "THE RED COURT PARM," &c.

### CHAPTER IX.

The advance portion of Caroline Kage's The advance portion of Caroline Kage's delasive dream was suddenly realized. Between ten and eleven o'clock on a brilliant June morning—the one mentioned in the last chapter.—Thomas Kage walked in. Caroline's heart leaped up within her; in her tumultuous jey, she could scarcely believe his appearance real.

And Mrs. Kage's spirits went down in about an equal proportion. Mr. Canterbury's attentions had become so palpable, that Mrs. Kage thought some climax must be at hand, or ought to be. Letters touching her law-business arrived conveniently quick:

be at hand, or ought to be. Letters touching her law-business arrived conveniently quick: one that same morning. She had been telling Caroline to take it up to Mr. Canterbury, and what to say about it, when they were thus broken in upon by Thomas Kage. Mrs. Kage was struck into a state of dismay at the unwelcome interruption, and at thought of the mischief it might work to the smooth on-flow of existing things. In answer te her short questions, he said he had taken the night-train down to Aberton; and he said no more. Mrs. Kage inwardly wished the train had buried itself in some dangerous cutting en route, and him with it.

"Business at Aberton, I suppose, as usual," she observed resentfully.

"No, I had no business at Aberton this time," was Mr. Kage's answer.

"You must have had a warm walk from there."

"Not very. It is an exceedingly delightful morning, Mrs. Kage, with a pleasant breeze.—Will you come out with me presently, and try it?" he added pointedly to Caroline.

Caroline.

She neither said yes nor so. His coming down had put her into a perplexing state of indecision. Was that vision of hers about to be realized? Had fortune come to him?

Quite accidentally, Mrs. Kage caused the question to be solved. question to be solved.
"Are you getting on well in your profes-

"Not well; very slowly, he answered.
"In fact, so slowly, that I am not sure but I shall give it up, and try my luck in another

Caroline listened. She could have laughed a bitter laugh at her own fond foily. And that fair hopeful dream, as connected with fortune and Thomas Kage, flew ab-

with fortune and Thomas Rage, flew abruptly away forever.
Getting the letter into her possession, she
put on her prettiest bonnet, and contrived
to quit the house unseen. Something in
his manner, when he had asked her to go out
with him, imparted to her an almost certain
conviction that he wanted to speak of his
love; in these matters, there is a language love: in these matters, there is a language to be misunderstood; and Caroline rould fain shun the interview. But she id not dare remain long at the Rock, lest e should come in search of her.

This he did. While she and Mr. Canter-

arms ne did. While she and Mr. Canterbury stood together at the stile in close converse, Thomas Kage walked across the field and joined them. Vexed at the inopportune interruption, Mr. Canterbury was rather short with the young barrister, in spite of his real liking for him, and turned back home again after a shake of the hand ne again after a shake of the hand

and a few words.

"Why did you not tell me you were going to the Rock, Caroline?" began Mr. Kage, as he assisted her over the stile, and they preceded onwards. "I would have walked with you."

In defiance of the warm love that glowed within her, tingling her pulses, flushing her

cheeks, Caroline Kage steeled her heart again-t him. The very effort to do is—the consciousness that it must be done—rendered her manner cold, abrupt and petulant. "That is just why I did not tell you," ahe said. "I wanted to go alone."
"No, thank you. It's not the fashion to take arms in this part of the world."
"It was, the lest time I was down here. Do you remember our moonlight walk over these same paths? And I think you were just now leaning on Mr. Canterbury'a."
"But he is so very close a friend."
"And I am your cousin."
"A great many degrees removed," the

"But he is so very close a friend."

"And I am your cousin."

"A great many degrees removed," he said, with a little nervous laugh.

"The more the better, Caroline, in one point of view. What a beau he is getting!"

"Who is?"

"Old Canterbury. He is ten years younger, to look at him, than he was two months ago. What has he been doing to himself?"

"How came you to pay us a visit to-day, and to come without sending word?" quickly inquired Caroline, as if anxious to pass by the subject of Mr. Canterbury's looks.

"I came to see yon, Caroline."

"Oh!" she slightingly said, wishing she had wings and could fly away. "I thought you always had business at Aberton. Don't say any more about it; I would rather not know."

"First of all, I wish to tell you some news, Caroline," he continued quietly; "and then I would ask your advice. I have had a post offered me in India, and I am deliberating whether it will or will not be worth my while to give up the law and accept it. The commencing salary would be seven hundred pounds a-year; the ri-e, they say, tolcrably rapid. In six or seven years from this it might be fifteen hundred —rather more than doubled."

"You do not make seven hundred a-year in London?"

"You do not make seven hundred a-year in London?"

"You do not make seven hundred a-year in London?"

"You do not make seven hundred, all told."

"Then I should go to India," she said, with animation. "You may never have

all told."

"Then I should go to Indis," she said, with animation. "You may never have such a chance thrown in your way again. Accept it at once, without hesitation. I should start by the next mail."

"Should you? Is that your deliberate advice?"

advice?"
"Yes."
"I could not go alone, Caroline.

The moment was coming. She hated it very much, simply because she knew she should be false both to him and herself. Her

very much, simply because she knew she should be false both to him and herself. Her face took a white hue.

"If I can—can induce one to go out with me, my loving companion, and share my fortunes, then I will go. Otherwise, I stay and fight out my fate in England."

Caroline Kage did not answer. Her manner and face had grown cold as a stone. He resumed, turning on her his good honest eyes, speaking in a low, steady, tender tone.

"A great hope has lain within me for several months now; in fact, since that sujourn at the sea-side last year; you and I have met twice since then, and with each time it has grown brighter and surer. I did not speak of it; while my future was so doubtful, it was impossible to do so in honor; neither did I betray it by so much as a look—at least, not willingly; in these cases there lies generally a tacit understanding, arising one knows not how or whence, and I think you have understood me. When this post was first placed at my disposal, my impulse was to reject it. But I considered it well: you have understood me. When this post was first placed at my disposal, my impulse was to reject it. But I considered it well; and I saw that it might present a solution to what seemed a hard fate—prolonged, interminable waiting—if you also could be brought to regard it, with your mother's approbation, in the same light. And so I determined to lay the case before you, and ask you, Caroline, to go out to India with me."

She was a little agitated, opening her lips

to speak and closing them again abruptly. Her color went and came. "I wish you to understand fully, before deciding, Caroline; not for worlds would ! induce you to take a step that might re-ult afterwards in disappointment. Therefore try and realize what I am about to say. You have, I presume, some notion of the relative value of money—of what seven hundred a-year may imply, as to ways and means. Your mother's income is, I believe, means. Your mother's income is, I believe, just five hundred per annum; mine will be seven; but then money goes less far in India than at home. I should start with a few hundreds in hand, and my salary will have a yearly increase. We should have quite enough for comfort, a little for moderate huntry.

He paused, but received no answer.

"Would the companion venture with me?"
"No," she answored. And her tone was low and cold. "No."



" 'BUT IT & A WIG,' ARGUED CAROLINE."

that which how offers. You have misses me, Caroline."

"What will you say next? If there has been any misleading in the matter, it must have been in your fancy."

"You have misled me, and you know it."

he reiterated, too earnest to beed the signs of his own agitation. "You have been mis-leading me all along."
"Tom, I have not. I dread poverty, and

should never many to encounter it, so how could I mislead you? Don't make a spec-tacle of yourself; I hate scenes, especially in an open field."

'I am not one to make a spectacle of my "I am not one to make the self," he rejoined, with sufficient cal aness, "but—I must repeat it—you have eruelly misled me. Do you forget that when I was

histbere, you—"

"Yes, I forget all about it, and I don't
wish to remember." she heartlessly interpted. "Why, I'd rather be turned into
that glove of yours than wed myself to

"Do you call the income I have described poverty

poverty?
"Of course I do; dreadful poverty to marry upon. Where s the good of marrying at all, if you are to be no better off than before? Seven hundred a-year, indeed! it would not half keep me in dress."
"Upon what income, then, would you marry?"

marry?"
"Upon as many thousands. Not a frac

Partly from the agitation that the mo ment brought to her, so that she scarcely knew what she said or did, partly because she felt herself in a dilemma which halffrightened her, her manner and words were alike repellent, while her heart was silently beating with its love. But for a golden vista already dazzling her worldly eyes, Caroline Kage might have been true to love low and cold. "No."
A change, like a blight, passed over his features. "Think again, Caroline," he said, after a pause. "Reflect upon it, and give me an answer later in the day."
"There is no necessity. I should only say what I do now—no."
In perfect silence they walked on some yards. Caroline suddenly quickened her pace, as though she would have quitted him. He put out his hand to stop her.
"Caroline, have you fully understood me?"
iviata already dazzling her worldly eyes, Caroline Kage might have been true to love and herself, and gone out with him. That she had led him to hope in a manner unmistakable, that she was using him miserably ill, her mind was a conscious of as his. Thomas Kage struggled to be his own calm self, and if his countenance betrayed its sense of wrong, he did not speak it; and thus walking side by side in silence, each with a bureting heart, they reached the gate. Caroline would have passed in hurriedly.

me?"
"I imagine so; I am quite sure so. Quite fully."
"And you reject me?"
"Don't be silly. Reject! Well, then,—
"forth will be a blighted one?"

yes; if you will have an answer. Cousins we are, and cousins we must remain; nothing more."

"I have waited long to say this; I could not speak without some such justification as that which now offers. You have misled the cardine."

"I am very sorry; I hope you will soom forget me, Tom," she answered, her voice a little softening. "The soomer the better."

"What if I were to tell you that you are heartless?"

Heartless she certainly was not, in respect to the soon of th

heartless she certainly was not, in respect to having loved him. But she knew the safer plan now was to appear so.

"I cannot help it if you do. You should never have thought of me or come near me, knowing your prospects were what they are. How was I to know?"

"Then it is not me you would reject, but my want of sufficient income? Let me lay the case before Mrs. Kage, and see if she considers it an invenerable har."

the case before Mrs. Kage, and see if she considers it an insuperable bar."

"I would advice you not. It would be waste of time. Knowing my mother as you do, you must be aware that, far from persuading me to marry upon a small income, she would be the first to stop me. That is not to the purpose, how-ver: were she even to urge me to accept you for my husband, I abould answer her as I have answered you—I will not."

"So, hope is to go out for me thus; now, and for evermore!"

and for evermore:

"Hope never ought to have existed. Unless you could offer me a suitable home, with carriages and court-dresses and opera-boxes and all that, you might have had better sense than to think of me. Thomas, I cannot help express that

sense than to terms or pass.

not help saying it."

"Does happiness lie in court-dresses and opera-boxes, think you, Caroline?" he sadly asked, his pole face made paler by the contrast of the green laurels.
"Yes, of course. I cannot do without them. What is more, I shall never be in-

them. What is more, duced to try."

"Oh, Caroline, my love, let me pray of to deceive yourself. I speak for things, unless your you not to deceive yourself. I speak for your own sake. These things, unless your heart can be with him who gives them, will

"Never; for me. I was born to pomp

"Never; for me. I was born to pomp and state on my mother's side, as you know. Though they bave not been mine yet, I shall not love them less when they come."

"God forgive you, Caroline, for playing me false. You know how you bave led me on from the first, and what your manner has been to me. The sunshine of my life goes out with you."

"Nonsense!"

"Nonsense!"

"That you may never repent this day, is my carnest wish; but I cannot help saying that you will, in all probability, live to recall it with pais. A woman cannot heart-lessly jilt a man, as you are about to jilt me, without its pressing sometimes unpleasantly on her memory. I-will try and bear in silence, wishing you no ill-wy and ray-ing ever that God shall bless you."

e militons acted."

He did as he was told; carved; and made head heacheen, or appeared to do so; Mrs. plate. The conversation turned on general subjects, partly upon Mrs. Garston, upon flarah Annesley and her new home in London; but not a word did he say further of himself or his affairs. When the tray was remored, and Mrs. Kage had resumed her sofa, her fan, and her essence-bottles, he approached her to say farewell.

"Are you going now?" cried Mrs. Kage.

"I must indeed."

"I understood you to say that you might stay for dinser."

He had said something of the sort—anticipating a different answer from Caroline. The night train had brought him down; the next night train he had intended should convey him back. He would take the first that started now.

vey him back. He would take the first that started now.

"I am anxious to get back to town; this is a busy time at Westminster. And now that I have seen you and Caroline..."
He did not finish his sentence...if it had any finish. A shake of Mrs. Kago's delicate hand, faded like her face, and then he turned to Caroline.

"Am I to say farewell?"

turned to Caroline.
"Am I to say farewell?"
So be had not given up hope, even then?
The low tone was full of meaning, the eyes
went questioningly out into the depths of

The low tone was full of meaning, and yent questioningly out into the depths of hers.

Only for a moment. She turned them away with a hard coldness, and put out her hand with a grudging air.

"Good-bye, Thomas. I wish yeu a pleasant journey."

Was it said in mockery? No, but he verily thought it. The front door closed after him, and next the gate between the laurels.

after him, and next the gate between the laurels.

"There never was any comprehending him," said Mrs. Kage, languidly refreshing her face with eau-de-Cologne. "Fancy his coming all that immense distance, and travelling all night, to stay but an hour!"

How long Caroline remained motionless at the window, straining her eyes on the gate Mr. Kage had passed through, she heeded not. If the sunshine, as he said, had gone out of his heart, very bitterly conscious was she that it had equally gone out of hers. In his departure, in the miserable certainty that he and she were finally divided for ever, there came a revulsion of feeling. Perhaps for a few moments Caroline saw things in their true colors, shorn of fancy, and discerned the superiority and the worth of the man she had thrown away. But for its utter fruitlessness, she might But for its utter fruitlesmess, she might have stretched out her repentant arms with the cry that had once before broken from her lips: "Oh, my love, my love, come back to me?"

"Have you lost your hearing, Caroline?"
demanded Mrs. Kage. "I ask you what
could have brought the young man down on
this flying visit? He confessed he had ne
business at Aberton this time."
The direct questions recalled Caroline to
existing things. She roused herself, but did
not answer.

He certainly said at first he should be happy to remain to dinner," pursued Mrs. Kage. "Not that I wanted him to, I'm Kage. "Not that I wanted him to, I'm sure. It is quite disagreeable to possess a sixteenth coasin, unhappily of the same name, who takes the liberty of popping in

name, who takes the liberty of popping in upon you at all hours and seasons—this is the third time he has come. But, having come, what has he gone flying back again for in so vast a hurry?"

"I believe it is through me that he has gone," said Caroline in a low tone, for she wished to make a clean breast of it, and of something else besides. "I offended him, and it sent him away."

"How was that?" asked Mrs. Kage, putting on that indifferent drawl in which sle

and it sent nim away."

"How was that?" asked Mrs. Kage, putting on that indifferent drawl in which she
was an adept. "Adjust this cushion at my
feet, will you, Caroline?"

"He has had a place in India offered to
him," said Caroline, sinking her voice and
disregarding the cushion. "He said he
would accept it if I would go out with
him."

would accept it it is would by him."

"What is the value of it?" eagerly responded Mrs. Kage, as she leaned forward, forgetting her languor in glowing mists of lakhs upon lakhs of rupees.

"Seven hundred a-year."

Socks.

Mrs. Kage fell back again,

"Seven hundred to begin with, and rising ear by year up to fifteen. He thought it ght to warm me that money does not go far in India." " well ?" said Mrs. Kage, sharply, in th

"Well?" said Mrs. Kage, sharply, in the pause come to by Cataline.
"I ridiculed it, manama."
"What else should you do, child? That's well. I always thought Thomas Kage a fool; he has just proved himself one."
Caroline took up a hall of cotton and tossed it dreamily, as though her thoughts were far away. Mrs. Kage drew her white shawl over her shoulders and resumed.
"Did you see Mr. Canterbury this morning?"

Yes; and left the letter with him. He

"Yes; and left the letter with him. He will come in about it by-and-by."

Mrs. Kage began unscrewing the stopper of her smolling-salts, an obstinate stopper, given to stick in, and made no remark.

"He joined me as I was leaving, and walked with me through the park," continued Caroline, breaking the pause.

Mrs. Kage had heard this so often that she will be in the part of the life.

was getting a little irritated. For the life of her she could not tell whether Mr. Canter-bury meant anything by these attentions or whether he did not.

whether he did not.

"All shilly-shallying, Caroline. Mr. Canterbury ought to speak to you."

"He has spoken. As we stood at the stile that divides the park from the field, one word led to another, I suppose, and he asked

me to be Mrs. Canterbury."

The young lady spoke with listless apathy; but not with apathy was the intelligence received. The Honorable Mrs. Kage could be roused sometimes, though it took a good deal to do it.

good deal to do it.
"You lucky girl! To be provided for in
this splendid manner at eighteen. How de-

Does it bode good-luck or ill-luck to re

"Does it bode good-luck or ill-luck to receive two offers of marriage in one morning?"
dreamily wondered Caroline.

"Ill-luck!" screamed Mrs. Kage. "Illluck to be made the mistress of a splending place like the Rock—of unlimited wealth—
of jewels and diamonds! You happy child!
You will be the envy of the world."

"Well, I don't know, mamma," said Caroline; and her tone certainly did not tell of happiness. "I had not used to care so world, for those things until you talked up.

happiness. "I had not used to care so much for those things until you talked me into it. Of course a fine establishment is de-sirable, and money and jewels are desirable; but—I can't tell."

but—I can't tell."

"Desirable!" broke in Mrs. Kage;
"money is the only desirable thing in life;
I know it to my cost. I was a simpleton, and
married for love: married one who had nothing but his face and his figure, and his thing but his face and his figure, and his scarlet regimentals; I, a peer's daughter. He was a perfect Adonis, to be sure—and you, dear, are the very image of him, as I continually tell you—but one can't live upon beauty. And what were the wretched, miserable, lasting consequences? Why, that I sunk down to the level of an obscure officer's wife—and widew—and was obliged to eke out my pairry bit of money as I best could, and any neglected and forzotten by could, and am neglected and forgotten by those of my own rank. I have told your papa many a time that he had better have suried me alive than run away with me; and

'Still money is not everything, mamma no, nor jewels either; and I do not know whether they will compensate for the draw backs of an old husband who has old chil

dren. I wish I did know."

"Yes, they will, 'Caroline,' said Mrs.
Kage, leaning on her elbow and snifting at
her vinaigrette. "Believe me. It is woman's destiny, unhappily, to grow up, and e married; and of course she can't go aside rom it. And if she could, she wouldn't, Girls have exalted notions, you see, as to a married life; implanted in them at their birth, I think, by some spirit of contrariness, for I'm sure I don't know how else they come. To their notion, it seems a sort of celestial Paradise, and all they think of is, how to get in, never reflecting that, once in, there's no getting out-

There it is, mamma.

"Let me fluish. I say, child, it is a wo-man's destiny to be married, just as it is a stray sheep's to be put into the pound; but I do assure you that it is not of the very slightdo assure you that it is not of the very slightest consequence what the husband may be:
youth or age, beauty or deformity, stocked
with intellect or devoid of brains; it is all
one, provided he has a deep purse. This
is the one only thing to look at. Suppose I
had had a heap of children," logically proceeled Mrs. Kage, "where should I have
been! Why, in the workhouse; worse off
than any poor stray lamb in the pound."
Caroline leaned from the window, and
placked a piece of clematis. Her mother
resumed:

"It I do have Mr. Canterbury, I should
like to be master and mistress."

"Oh, to be sure, sweetest. He is excessively good-natured, and your wishes will be
his. I should have liked to see your dead
papa attempt to contradict mine!"

"I don't allude to him. Of course I shall
do all I like, as far as he goes. I spoke of
the Miss Canterburys. Suppose Olive should
try to domineer over me? I would not
stand it."

"I repeat, that a marriage for love is see most miserable fate on earth, where a good income does not accompany it. I mar ried for love myself, and I ought to know. Your dear papa said I worried him into his grave with my complaints; but one may just as well be in the grave as out of it, where the money is lacking. As to love, it is the most wearisome Parby-and-Joan kind of thing you can imagine crough to give of thing you can imagine, enough to give one the cold shivers."

He wears a wig," grumbled Caroline, reverting to her own grievances, as they ran one after another through her mind. "The most enchanting wig I ever saw, dear: no living soul could tell that it's not

It is so beautifully blended with his ewn-of which he has a full cr ends and the wig begins."
"But it is a wig," argued Caroline.

"Whether it's a wig, or whether it is not, it will not add to, or take from, domestic

Caroline Kage raised her eyebrows, "Do-

on the enormous wealth that will be urs, not upon a perishable wig," said Mrs.

Kage, refreshing her face again.
"I wish I knew, I wish I knew," murmured Caroline, in a low tone, but her mother caught the words.
"Knew what?"

Whether it will be for good or for i'l." Could it have been that her guardian angel was, even then, warning her from this marriage? A very powerful instinct against it had arisen in her heart. Caroline hid her eyes in her hands, and strove to see what she had best do—it was not yet too late. Had she been in the habit of seeking for a Guidance that cannot fail, she would have sought it then; but she never had been. The Honorable Mrs. Kage had taught her how to enter a ball-room gracefully, had shown her how to win, by deception if need were, the favor of desirable men; but that other kind of tuition had been utterly passed over. Poor Caroliue!

Mrs. Kage looked at her with a kind of hungry keenness, acarcely assured yet; and aprinkled balf-a-dosen essences abroad at once.

SATURDAY EVENING POST.

PHILABELPHIA, SATERDAY, SEP'R 11, 1869.

The terms of THE POST are the same as those of that beautiful magazine. THE LADY'S PNIEND—is order that the clubs may be made up of the paper and magazine conjointly when a derived—and are as follows:—One copy (and large Premium abted Eugenium) 92-301 two copies 44-601 from copies (and one extra) 95-601, the copies (and o

Was be all rapture, dear ?"

"Who?" cried Caroline, starting from her everie, and a burning blush diffused itself

over her face,
"Mr. Canterbury."
"Oh!" was the slighting comment, for
the question had certainly borne another
reference in her mind. "Why should Mr.
Canterbury be in a rapture?"

Canterbury be in a rapture?"

"When you accepted him, dearest."

"I did not accept him."

Mrs. Kage half raised herself, looked at Caroline with open mouth, and then fell back in a flood of tears, bemoaning her hard fate, and her daughter's folly in having rejected the Rock. She had already been anticipating a large share of its magnificent comforts.

'A mansion fit for a king; carriages at a mansion it for a king; carriages at command; servants in numbers; luxurious pineries, and hot-houses, and conservatories; wines from every part of the known world; delicacies served on silver and gold; and a banker's book that has no end! Oh, Caro-

ne!"
Caroline pushed off her hair in a heat, and
soked rather defiant. This upset Mrs.

Kage, "She's a regular chip of the old block! eried that lady, going into a frightful pas-sion. "Her father was one of the fools of the world, and she takes after him. I've said so twenty times. Go after that miserable

so twenty times. Go after that miserable from Kage, you ungrateful girl! Be off to India with him! Live in barracks, or starve! what shall I care?"

"There is no necessity to put yourself out, mamma," coolly spoke Caroline.

"The purple and fine linen she might have indulged in!—the opera-boxes and Richmoud fetes!—the delights of a London cases. The presentation at Court in feathers. season—the presentation at Court in feathers and pearls. And to give it all up for Thomas

Kage, the low-born!"
"I said that I had rejected Mr. Kage." "You said as well that you had rejected Mr. Canterbury. Yah! How dare you an-

"No, I did not," calmly went on Caro-line. "I said I had not accepted Mr. Can-terbury. I suppose I should have done so had there been time; but Thomas Kage came up at the moment while I was hesi-tating. We were standing with our backs this way, and hever saw him until he was

lose,"
Away went Mrs. Kage's sobs. "Dearest, arling child, why did you not say so at ref? My own love! you will accept him?"
Caroline knitted her brows. "I suppose o. I don't know what else to do."
"I will accept him for you to-night, my car, and tell him how happy you are to be in wife. My noor nerves."

dis wife. My poor nerves!"
"If I could only foresee a little into
the future!" exclaimed Caroline, her face
gloomy, her tone miserably doubtful. Mrs.
Kage glanced at her stealthily, as she threw me sweet odors about,

ome sweet odors about.

"My sweet dove! I am sure you did like he notion of this grand good fortune. I ould not have been mistaken."

"Yes, in one sense," answered Caroline, awardly conscious that she had done her

are towards leading Mr. Canterbury on But a strange foreboding that it will no ring me happiness is upon me, now that the moment for decision has come

"I am delighted to hear it dear;" and Mrs. Kage had reassumed all her affected languer. "De-lighted. Things all turn out and go by contrary. When I had given your poor papa the promise to have him, in spite of everylands. poor paps the promise to have him, in spite of everybody—and an idiot he was for ask-ing it, knowing what his paltry income was —I was all in a glow of rapturous anticipa-tion. My marriage resulted in disappointent; yours will bring everything that's od. I foresee it, dear."
"If I do have Mr. Canterbury, I should

tempting to domineer over her father's wife so tickled Mrs. Kage, that she laughed till

she upset her choicest essence bottle.

"To think of the inexperienced goose you are, dear Caroline! You will be simply queen, and exercise a queen's will. Mr. Canterbury's daughters, I will take care, once you are installed at the Rock, that another home is found for them."
"Mamma!" exclaimed Caroline, half-startled at the semi-promise.

"Yes, yes, dear, it will be all right; rely upon me. My respected father, Lord Gunse, always said what a talent I had for diplo-

And the Lord Gunse's honorable daughter and gathered up the fallen essence-bottle.

Scarcely knowing, certainly not heeding, which way he took, Thomas Kage, leaving the house and his hopes behind him, had turned into the narrow privet-walk. The sun shone still on the world, but for him it seemed to have set for ever. Only thos who have passed through the ordeal can tell what that awful moment of awaking was to him. The heart had had its best life crushed

Caroline Kage raised her eyebrows. "Domestic felicity, and old Father Canterbury!" irreverently thought she. Involuntarily, another form rose to her mind, in connection with that word; one she had just watched out of sight.

"Does be take it off at night?"

"Take off what?" asked Mrs. Kage, in momentary forgetfulness of their subject.

"The wig," irritably explained Caroline.

"I'll he does, and I see his bald head, I shall scream frightfully."

"My dear child, let your thoughts centre upon the enormous wealth that will be

his countenance.

A few burried words ensued—an apology for not being able to call at the Rock; an intimation that he was hastening away to catch a London train; and Mr. Kage, lifting his hat, passed on, leaving Millicent gazing after him, a wondering surprise on her face, a sense of blank disappointment in her

"What can be amiss?" she said aloud.
"What can be amiss?" she said aloud.
"He looks like a man stricken for death."

The terms of THE POST are the same as those of that beautiful magazine, THE LADY'S FRIEND —In order that the circle may be made up of the paper and magazine conjointly when so desired and are at follows:—One copy (and a large Fremish may copies the paper of the pap

NEWING MACHINE Premium. For 20 and scribers at \$2.50 apiece—or for 20 abserbers and \$60 —we will send Grover & Baker's No. 23 Machine, price \$55. By remitting the difference of price in cash, any higher priced Machine will be sent. Every subscriber in a Fremium List, insamuch as he pays \$2.50, will get the Premium Steel Engraving. The liest may be made up conjointly, if desired, of The Powr and the Lady's Friend.

Samples of The Powr will be sent for 5 cents—of the Lady's Friend for 10 cents.

HENRY PETERSON & CO., 310 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

NOTICE. -- Correspondents should always keep copies of any manuscripts they may send to us, in order to avoid the possibility of loss; as we cannot be responsible for the safe keeping or return of any manuscript.

### BACK NUMBERS.

We can still supply the back numbers of THE POST to May 29th, containing the early portions of "THE LAST OF THE INCAS," by Gustave Aimard. Also a large variety of short stories, miscellaneous articles, &c.

### George Canterbury's Will; By Mrs. HENRY WOOD, author of "EAST

LYNNE," "ROLAND YORKE," "THE RED-COURT FARM," &c.

In THE POST for July 24th, we menced a new Serial with the above title, by our gifted contributor, Mrs. Henry Wood,

This will be an excellent opportunity to commence subscriptions to THE POST. We shall print an extra edition of the early numbers of this story-but those who wish it would do well to apply as soon as possible.

CLUBS.-Those who design raising Clubs CLUBS.—Those who design raising Clubs for THE POST for the cusuing year, should go to work at once, before the ground is crowded with canvassers for other periodicals. The inducements we offer are so great, that there probably will be very little difficulty in filling up the lists. The subscriptions should be sent on as eoon as obtained, (even when the lists, if large, are not full) in order that the forwarding of the paper may not be delayed. may not be delayed.

SERIOUS FIRES.—A disastrous fire occurred at Cape May, Aug. 31st. It began in Boyton's Japanese store, at half-past two o'clock in the morning, and destroyed the United States, American and Atlantic Hotels, Post-office, and a number of other buildings and cottages. The loss is about \$240.000. \$240,000.

#240,000.

The looking-glass and picture store of J.
S. Earle & Son, 816 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, was almost entirely destroyed by fire the same day. The stock was valued at \$65,000, and the building at \$75,000.

The losses are covered by insurance. The clothing store of John Wanamaker, and furnishing store of Scott & Co., adjoining were nishing store of Scott & Co., adjoining, were

The farm owned by L. Barrett Wig-gin, of Stratham, N. H., has never been deeded. It has remained in the same family passing by will from father to son, ever since it was originally granted by the Crown. The peach stones cast aside by the armies at Petersburg have shot up into a grove of trees forty-five miles long, which are now loaded with fruit.

The Why did Commodore Vanderbilt go

ada to get married? Because he wa afraid Fisk and Gould would get out an in-

unction and prevent the ceremony.
The apple crop in Maine will be ighter this year than ever before since the tate was admitted to the Union. Not ourth of an average yield is expected.

Telegrams from San Francisco

ounce that the election for a State Legis lature there, on Wednesday last, resulted in the probable choice of a Democratic ma-jority in that body. The last California Legislature had 14 Democratic majority on sint hallot. San Francisco was carried by ne Democrats, a light vote only being olled. These results are said to indicate ne defeat of the "Fifteenth Amendment."

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Public opinion continues skeptical with respect to the Emperor Napoleon's health. An impression prevails that his real condition is concealed, and this is not likely to be weakened until the Emperor himself is seen driving into

# FAR SIGHTED.

Rev. T. L. Cuyler, in an account of the clipse of the Sun-total where he observed

in the twinkling of an eye, came down an awful shadow, as of a black wing, filling the whole heavens. It was ineffably frightful. Coleridge's lines flashed into my mind in a moment :

" The sun's rim dips; the stars rush out;

To the north the horizon was dyed with a rich orange hue. But above us and around us the air ed to be filled with fine black particles. It was so dark that I could not recognize a co-Aundred pards of ; and yet it was not the darkness

We should like to know how far off the Rev. Mr. Cuyler can recognize a counte-nance when it is not as dark as death. Three hundred feet would puzzle a good many people in the bright sunlight.

### A Modern Paradise.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. BY CHARLES MORRIS.

A wonderful possession is that Western Territory of ours, the wast virgin adjunct of the United States, waiting in pristine solitude for the advancing foot of the genius of civilization. It has its marvels, strange as those which of old our country effered to the admiring eyes of Europe. The grandeur of Niagara is rivalled by that mighty oataract recently described in the Rocky Mountains, where, thundering through rugged camons, a river leaps headlong over a mountain precipice, and the smoke of its torment ascendeth forever. Our golden sister, California, challenges the world to rival her Big Trees, and points with exultant finger to the unmatched valley of the Yo Semite.

Colorado, too, has her natural wonder, a marvel more unique than any other our country can boast. This magnificent Park, prepared ages ago by Nature, as if in scorn of the future puny efforts of man, seems indeed a verifiable Parking recorded of old by

of the future puny efforts of man, seems in-deed a veritable Paradise, peopled of old by some western Adam and Eve, and retaken by nature as her own possession when sin

ered into the world. entered into the world.

San Luis Park is a grand elliptical valley, scooped out of the heart of the mighty mountain range of the west, probably at one time forming the bed of an inland sea, but since lifted by that irresistible force which has tossed the continents up and down a hundred times, till now its bottom stands several thousand feet above the sea level.

It forms an extensive plain containing

several thousand feet above the sea level.

It forms an extensive plain, containing some 9 400 square miles, with the smoothness of the ocean surface. Over its verdant face flow in all directions the waters of 35 mountain streams, which descend from the snowy peaks encircling this Eden-like valley. So symmetrical is this rocky barrier, that it may be compared to the rim of a vast oval goblet, out of which the giants of old drank mountain nectar, are vet the pirold drank mountain nectar, ere yet the pig-mies were. The adventurer who has pene-trated to this Happy Valley beholds on all trated to this Happy Valley beholds on all sides a sublime scenery surrounding him, to which the pure and cloudless atmosphere, the vivid azure of the sky, and the fris hues flung by the sunlight from the snow-clad peaks, lend an indescribable charm. As the eye mounts from the plain it meets terraced hills right in successions to the contract the sides of the same state. hills rising in successive escarpments, the lower terraces clad in thick vegetation, above which, separated by a clearly defined line, lies the maked granite of the upper ridges,

ending at last in snowy caps.

Spring and Autumn are seasons scarce known here. Only Summer and Winter reign, each with a mild and equable dominion. On the crest of the Sierras clouds incessantly form, but they rarely interrupt the genial sunshine of the mid-valley, pour-ing their waters on the mountain sides, and further down nourishing a most vigorous growth of evergreens and other woods, a vast band of vegetation, protecting the vast band of vegetation, protecting the sources of the streams, and ensuring an un-failing supply of water to the valley. With this woodland, alternate mountain meadows, clothed with luxuriant grasses, and splen-

didly adapted for grazing.

As we reach the plain the vapor ceases, or is not condensed sufficiently to produce trees, though yielding a rich grassy carpet, which serves for pasturing throughout the entire year. The pure, bracing mountain air, genial sunshine, and absence of extremes of temperature, render this region one of the healthiest on our continent. It is destined hereafter to be the scene of an extensive agriculture, being richly adapted to the production of grains and other important vegetables, while the grassy hills will support large herds of sheep and cattle.

Geologically the Park is as marvellous as decologically the Park is as marvellous as it does an epitome of the gradual growth of the earth from its earliest grantite to its latest soil formation. The amphitheatre is a geology in miniature, and displays in its sloping sides and level bottom the ages of the world in that connected succession in which scarcely any other region presents. which scarcely any other region presents them. At the peaks of the mountain wall crop out the primary rocks, those granite masses which cooled from liquid fire ages before life was born on our planet. Debefore life was born on our planet. Descending, the secondary strata assume dominion on the mountain sides. These rocks are charged with rich golden ores, which, denuded by the running streams, have deposited their grains of gold in the gulches below, forming many a Pactolus. These metallic seposite cease as the mountain descends through the tertiary beds, while the geological series ends only in the sedimentary drift, which lies, covered with recent soil and grasses, around San Luis Lake in the central plain.

Beneath the soil is a subsoil of peat,

Beneath the soil is a subsoil of peat, which serves to moisten the surface and inover an inexhaustible reservoir of fuel in the improbable event of the magnificent mountain forests failing. The central por-tion of the Park presents a crater-like de-pression of twenty miles diameter, which is enclosed by a wall of volcanic origin 500 feet high, and curved in almost a perfect circle round this centre cup of the massive mountain goblet. It is here and there de-nuded by water action into separate hills, and perforated by three rivers, the Rio Del Norte, the Culebra, and the Costilla, which fertilize the interior soil.

This soil is of unsurpassed richness, being omposed of mineral material abraded from the surrounding hills, and is smoothed to almost a mathematical level under formation thoroughly drains it and splendidly adapts it to culture.

Unlike Johnson's Happy Valley, so difficult of access and escape, this is easily entered by natural mountain passes, forming a ready communication with the outer world Other Parks adorn this western region, known respectively as the North, South, and Middle Parks, but they are smaller and much less beautiful than this.

What a spot this would make for a tho rough trial of the Socialistic idea. In this rich central crater, walled into a Paradise capable of being made as rich and various as that which Milton has imagined for our original parents, visited from without only by fertilizing rivers, possessed of a gent soil, cloudless skies, salubrious air, equable temperature, and surrounded by the grandest scenery, might not a band of harmonious souls dwell, strangers to that which no other spot escapes?

17 Newspaper literature has even invaded the Turkish harem. The Zeraki of Stamboul now issues an edition de luze, printed on fine tinted paper, for exclusive circulation among Turkish ladies.

The Humbugs of Mistery.

"Don't talk to me about your historical facts," said a paradox-loving friend of ours the other day; "I've seen so many so-called accepted facts upset, that I really intend some fine morning to commence a big book on my own secount, under the title of 'The Humbugs of History." The idea was not perhaps altogether a bad one, although, perhaps, a man would have to attain the length of years of Methuselah, and to lay in stock as much "midnight oil" for the consumption of his lamp as did that famous Hobrew commentator, Rabbi Chananiah, of whom it is recorded, somewhere or other, that before recorded, somewhere or ether, that before he contracted to write a commentary on Ezekiel, he bargained for a supply of not less than 300 tuns of oil while he should be less than 300 tuns of oil while he should be engaged on his pious task! As one gets older, one gets sadly discochanted. The old pet beliefs of boyhood fade out with our dying enthusiasm the more we read, and "all that we know is nothing can be known," with much certainty, becomes the cuckoo-tick much certainty, becomes the cuckoo-"all that we know is nothing can be known," with much certainty, becomes the cuckonote of most of us. Did not the American Mr. Emerson, only a few years ago, take down our national pride several pegs by gravely showing us how our patron saint, "St. George for Merrie England," was nothing better than a low impostor, originally hailing from Cilicia, who got a lucrative contract for supplying the army of his time and country with bad bacon; got rich by fraud, theft, and by the arts of a common informer; turned religious adventurer, and fraud, theft, and by the arts of a common informer; turned religious adventurer, and bribed his way to the bishopric of Alexandria, and at last, after being imprisoned for his crimes, was dragged out of jail and lynched by an angry mob, in A. D. 361! After this he became in due time a saint, and so undeservedly famous; just as in another way—thanks, Mr. Emerson, for your very refreshing candor—Amerigo Vespucci, "the pickle-dealer at Seville, whose highest naval rank was boatswain's mate in an expedition that never sailed, managed to supplant Columbus, and to baptize half the earth with his own dishonest name." Have we not in our school-days hugged to our little bosoms the notion that Brutus stabbed little bosoms the notion that Brus Julius Cassar purely for patriotism's sacred sake? And now we must be told, forsooth sake? And now we must be told, forsooth— and, alas, but too convincingly, by heavy German historical "big-wigs"—that, it being the custom in old Rome for the nobles to lend the plebeians money at terribly usurious rates of interest, Caesar passed an act for-bidding this, and was, at a suspiciously short time thereafter, butchered by the "noble" Brutus and his brother conspirators! All Akenside's fine poetry about Brutus "rising refulerent from the stroke." and so

"rising refulgent from the stroke," and so on, is knocked on the head for ever now. "Et tu, Brute!" and that Brutus merely a murderous, because a disappointed, bill-discounter—is too much for one's feelings, even in this unromantic age. Again, how much have we not honored the name of Mr. Thomas Guy, who founded "Guy's Hospital," gave away princely sums in benevolence, and stares at us in stone in several statues! Yet stares at us in stone in several statues? Yet what manner of man really was this Mr. Thomas Guy? A clever stock-jobber, a miser also, and—speak it softly, with his fine hospital looming in the distance—a man who fattened on the wrongs of the poor cheated English seamen of his day. Formerly our sailors were paid in inconvertible paper, not gold. The reckless Jacks ashore were often obliged to part with those tickets. paper, not gold. The reckless Jacks ashore were often obliged to part with these tickets at any wretched discount they could get. The "wise and good" Thomas Guy trafficked in them, and became, for those days, a millionaire. Howard, "the prison philanthropist," loving all the world, and yet driving his poor son mad by his ill-judged harshness; Sterne—as Byron said—weeping over a dead doukey, and yet letting a living mother starve: Byron sending a copy of his over a dead doukey, and yet letting a living mother starve; Byron sending a copy of his famous "Fare-the-well" verses to Lady Byron with a butcher's bill inclosed therewith with a slip like this, "I don't think we could have had so much meat as this—please to see to it;" the great Duke of Marl-borough now acting history in minutes, and now dirtying his hands by peculation in army clothing contracts; Algernon Sydney one moment mouthing patriotism, and anarmy clothing contracts; Algernon Sydney one moment mouthing patriotism, and another accepting bribes from France; all these people, we say, lumped together here at random without reference to chronological order, are, to our mind at least, just so many humiliating humbugs of history, worthy to sit cheek by jowl with a bill-discounting Brutus, a "patriot" possibly from private spite after all, and a Mr. Thomas Guy giving back to the nation, in the way of a noble hospital, with one hand, what he had, in great part, ruthlessly squeezed out of her poor seamen with the other!

# The Byron Scandal.

LONDON, Sept. 2 .- The solicitors of Lady Byron's family have written a communica stating that the article of Mrs. Stowe, in the Atlantic Monthly, on the Separation of Lord and Lady Byron, is not a complete or authentic statement, and does not involve any direct evidence; nothing is communi-cated but recollections of conversation had cated but recollections of conversation had thirteen years since, and impressions derived from a manuscript read under great excitement.

Without conceding that Mrs. Stowe's narrative contains a complete account relations between Lord and Lady relations between Lord and Lady Byron, they protest against it as a gross breach of trust and confidence, as inconsistent with Mrs. Stowe's recommendations to Lady Byron, and a violation of the express terms of her will. Ludy Byron's representatives and descendants absolutely disclaim all coun-tenance of the article, which was published without their privity or consent. without their privity or consent

In the National Temperance Convention at Chicago, a platform was read pro-viding for the formation of a National Temperance Party, to suppress the traffic in in-toxicating drinks. The main portion of the

toxicating drinks. The main portion of the platform was adopted.

The An Aced Couple.—There is now living in the town of Smithfield, R. I., a man and his wife, Jonathan and Saloma Buxton, he being 102 years old and his wife 101, both enjoying perfect health, and able to attend to the duties and management of coults a layer farm. They have now living quite a large farm. They have now living nine children, the eldest 76 years of age, and all enjoying a remarkably youthful a ance. The old gentleman and his wit enjoyed an unclouded matrimonial life of seventy-eight years, he never having had to call the services of a physician since his re-membrance. His father being one of the early emigrants from England, named the Smithfield, and the street Buxton street, after the place he left in England.

Lavater says: "He who suddenly attends, pointedly asks, calmly speaks, coolly answers, and ceases when he has no more to say, is in possession of some of the best requisites of man."

Dr. Bellows contributes to Appleton's Journal a paper entitled "Sittings with Powers, the Sculptor." In the course of a conversation Mr. Powers relates the follow-

conversation Mr. Powers relates the following spiritualistic experiences:
These spiritualistic phenomena have always interested me, although I have never been in the least carried away by them. I recollect we had many "seances" at my house and others when Home was here. I certainly saw, under circumstances where fraud or collusion, or prearrangement of machinery, was impossible, in my own house and among friends incapable of lending themselves to imposture, many very curious things. That

HAND PLOATING IN THE AIR,

mand Ploating in the Aff, of which all the world has heard, I have seen. There was nothing but moonlight in the room, it is true, and there is every presumption against such phenomens under such circumstances. But what you see, you see, and must believe, however difficult to account for it. I recollect that Mr. Home sat on my right hand, and, beside him, there were six others round one-half of a circular table, the empty half toward the window and the moonlight.

IT USES A PAN.

All our fourteen hands were on the table, when a hand, delicate and shadowy, yet defined, appeared, dancing slowly just the other side of the table, and gradually creeping up higher, until, above what would have been the elbow, it terminated in a mist. This hand slowly came nearer to Mrs., at the right side of the table, and seemed to pat her face. "Could it take a fan?" cried her husband. Three raps responded "Yes," and the lady put a fan near it, which it seemed trying to take. "Give it the handle," said the husband. The wife obeyed, and it commenced slowly fanning her with much grace. "Could it fan the rest of the company?" some one exclaimed, when three company?" some one exclaimed, when three raps signified assent, and the hand, passing round, fanned each of the company, and then slowly was lost to view.

ACRILD-GROST'S HAND.

ACHILD-GHOST'S HAND.

I felt, on another occasion, a little hand—
it was pronounced that of a lost child—patting my cheek and arm. I took hold of it.
It was warm and evidently a child's hand. I
die not loosen my hold, but it seemed to
melt out of my clutch. Many other similar
experiences I have had. It is interesting to
know that the effect is not to create supernatural terrors or morbid feelings. My chil
dren, who knew all about it, and were prosent, never showed any signs of trepidation, uren, who knew all about it, and were pro-sent, never showed any signs of trepidation, such as ghost-stories excite in sensitive and young brains

THEORY ABOUT A SPIRITUAL BODY.

I have always thought that there was something yet inexplicable about the nerv-ous organization which might eventually ous organization which might eventually show us to be living much nearer to spiritual forms than most believe, and that a not impossible opening of our inner senses might even here enable us to perceive these forms. When we see a man in his flesh and blood we see his outward robes. If his nervous system alone were delicately separated out from his body it would have the precise form of his body, for the nerves fill not only each tissue of the body, but extend even to enamel of the teeth and the fibres of the hair. There is no part of the human frame that is not full of these invisible ramifications. not full of these invisible ramifications. Show us a man's nervous system, and, filmy as it might be in parts, his form would be perfectly retained, even to his eyes. Now this is one great step towards his spiritual body. A little further refinement might bring us to what is beneath the nervous system, the spiritual body, and it might still have the precise form of the man. I believe it possible for this body to appear and, under certain states, to be seen. I do not often mention a walking vision I enjoyed more than twenty years ago, but I will tell it to you. It happened five-and-twenty years ago.

A REMARKABLE WAKING VISION.

A REMARKABLE WAKING VISION.

I had retired at the usual hour, and, as I blew out the candle and got into bed, I looked upon our infant child, sleeping calmly on the other side of its mother, who also was sound asleep. As I lay broad awake, thinking on many things, I became suddenly conscious of a strong light in the room, and thought I must have forgotten to blow out the candle. I looked at the stand, but the candle was out. Still, the light increased, and I began to fear something was on fire in the room, and I looked over toward my wife's side to see if it were so. There was no sign of fire, but, as I cast my eye upward, and as it were to the back of the bed, I saw a green hillside, on which two bright a green manae, a white words, a figures, a young man and a young woman, their arms across each other's shoulders, were standing and looking down, with countenances full of love and grace, upon our sleeping infant.

A LOOK INTO THE SPIRIT LAND.

A glorious brightness seemed to clothe them and to shine in upon the room. Think-ing it possible that I was dreaming, and merely fancying myself awake (for the vision vanished in about the time I have vision vanished in about the time I have been telling you the story and left me won-dering.) I felt my pulse, to see whether I had any fever. My pulse was as calm as clock. I never was broader awake in my life, and I said to myself, "Thank God, what I have been longing for years to enjoy has at length been granted me, a direct look into the spiritual world!" I was so moved by the expectage of the star of the spiritual world!" I was so moved the true explications excited by this expeby the reflections excited by this expeby the reflections excited by this experience, that I could not restrain myself from awaking my wife and telling her what had happened. She instantly folded her child to her bosom, weeping, and said: "And is our darling, then, so soon to be taken from was no evil omen in the vision I had seen; that the countenances of the heavenly visitants expressed only peace and joy, and that nothing to dread of harm to our ild. And so we found it. I have longed ich since to have any similar experience, but I never had it.

POWERS A SPIRITUALIST.

Mr. Powers being asked whether he really believed in the pretensions of modern spirit-nalists, said: I am not a believer in the receditions of spirits, as made known through mediums or otherwise, for most corrupt and unworthy communications are often made; and, with many mediums, there is a great deal of trickery, while there are some socalled mediums who are nothing else than charlatens. But I do believe in the fact of spiritual manifestations, animal magnetism, and the moving of solid bodies, by means

Experiences of Fowers, the Sculpter, with Ghostly Visitors—His Relation of Some Strange Manifestations.

1. Pollows contributes to Amiston's the Contribute of Some Strange Contributes to Amiston's the Contributes the Contribute the past.

The Mormona

The Mermens.

Brigham Young is really in serious trouble.

The sons of Joseph Smith, the original Mormon leader, appear upon the Sait Lake stage, and demand, by right of succession, the head-ship of the "ohurch." Young has always, until very recently, professed to hold his charge in trust for one of these sons, David Smith, purposing to resign it to him when he should be of mature age. The young aspirant to supreme authority now

sons, David Smith, purposing to resign it to him when he should be of mature age. The young aspirant to supreme authority now presents himself, claiming his rights and vigorously denounces polygamy and many other had practices of the old Mormon leader. A dispatch says:

The latter, bowever, is losh to give up his power, and not only has denied the sons of Joseph Bmith the use of the Tabernacle in which to preach, but has absolutely forbidden the people from going to listen to them. The Gentiles in that city have a hall which was built for religious services at the time Gen. Connor was in command at that place. This hall, now used by Episcopal ministers, has been placed at the service of David and his brether. The Mormons, in spite of the prohibition and threats of Brigham, flock in crowds to hear them. Brigham is said to be much alarmed, and does not know how effectually to end this new difficulty. The traditions of the church are all in favor of David Smith, and the dissatisfaction is spreading far and wide. It is even said that it had reached the very family of Brigham himself, and that some of them believe the latter should give way. If the Government will protect these young men it may prove the best means of solving the Mormon problem. They denounce polygamy as not a part of the true Mormon faith, and the abolition of the onerous tithing system. Though they have been but a few weeks in Utah the effect is apparent, and it is reported that they have already a large number of adherents.

Pablic Parks.

The authorities of Chicago have recently published an elaborate report on the subject of public pleasure-grounds, giving the areas of the large parks of the cities of Europe and the United States. From these statistics it appears that Windsor Park, Eugland, has 3,800 acres; Richmond, 2,468 acres; Hampton Court and Burley, 1,812 acres. In London, Hyde Park has 389 acres; Regent's, 423 acres. Batternes, 175 acres. St. James's. Hampton Court and Burley, 1,812 acres. In London, Hyde Park has 389 acres; Regent's, 473 acres; Battersea, 175 acres; St. James's, 55 acres; Battersea, 175 acres; Battersea, 175 acres; Battersea, 175 acres; Battersea, 175 acres, 18 acre

When Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Doug'as, the summer of 1858, made their memoin the summer of 1858, made their memo-rable canvass of Illinois for the United States Senatorship, they frequently met on States Senatorship, they frequently met on the same hustings and addressed the same audience. On one of these occasions, after Judge Douglas, had made one of his most eloquent speeches, it came to Mr. Lincoln's turn. Throwing off his overcoat, he handed it to a young man near by, and said, in his droll way: "Here, you hold my clothes, while I stone Stephen?"

\*\*\* Senator Carpenter sent a speech of his addressed to "Wendell Phillips, care

"Senator Carpenter sent a speech of his addressed to "Wendell Phillips, care Rev. Henry Ward Boecher, Brooklyn." Mr. Beecher addressed it to Mr. Phillips, with the statement "Wendell is under my care, but I keep him in Boston for safety."

Le Casse-Tete, or Tomahawk, of Paris, is a new journal which has some good things. One of its latest aphorisms is this; Life is a disease of which one dies at last.

Macon, Georgia, may claim to be the city of mocking birds. They abound in every street, lane, and alley in the town.

A Spaniard who has won 200,000 francs by gambling at Spa, is kept in soli-

trance by gamining at a spatial transport of the tary confinement by his wife, to prevent him from spending or gambling it away.

HOPE.—We are born in hope; we pass our childhood in hope; we are governed by hope through the whole course of our and in our last moments hope is flattering to us, and not till the beating of the heart shall cease will its benign influence

eave us.
Attorney-General Hoar's opinion lative to political affairs in Virginia, has been sent to Gen. Canby. The Attorney-General says the test oath will only be required of the Legislature, if they attempt pass laws before the approval of State Constitution by Congress, and if the Constitution be approved, of course the oath will not be required under its pro-

visions.
The peach trade will, it is said, be brought to a close about ten days earlier than usual this year, on account of the earlier ripening.

Mr. James Fisk, Jr., is said to pos-

the largest diamond in the States, with a single exception. The largest one was sold at Saratoga a few duys sin to a New York gentleman for \$11,500. I weight was ten and a half karats.

STRONG. -It is said that the thread a certain species of spider-found in the South—supports a weight of fifty-four grains. As this fibre is only the one four-thousandth of an inch in diameter, this is at the rate of 123,427 pounds, or 61; tons

at the rate of 123,327 pounds, or 61; tons per square inch; good iron wire sustains fitty-seven tons per inch; good steel, sixty-six tons; good gue metai, eighty tons.

\*\*\* A correspondent of the Cincinnati Times says that the following recipe will preserve garden seeds and all kinds of grain and seeds from the ravages of cut worms, birds, &c. One pound of sulphate of iron, one pound aloes. Dissolve in water heated to 90 or 85 degrees and pour over one bushel one pound aloes. Dissolve in water heated to 90 or 85 degrees and pour over one bushel of grain, and in a similar proportion for a greater or lesser quantity.

Woman's New Mote.

The young lady of Memphis, who, following the advice of the Revolution, which told her and all other spinsters to propose to the man considered eligible to the office of husband, and who was successful therein, ought not to be an example to all women. This young lady proposed to an utter stranger, and married him the day after the proposal; but not to every woman will such luck be granted. There are little formalities, little attentions, sweet and nameless offices of love, which courtship must see and undergo before the beloved can fairly be considered en price. Man is by nature timid and confiding; his heart yearms for love and protection; and if woman would win and wear him in her heart of hearts, she must lead him gently along the primrose path of dalliance, and not beteem the winds of heaven visit his cheek too roughly. She must wite poetry to him; she must sing beneath his lattice:

How sweet at eve to see my beau Come tripping down the stairs, I'll catch him at the garden gate And kiss him unawares.
His breath is like the caramel,
His eyes like choc'ate cream,
And his kisses like the candy
One cats within a dream;

or words to that effect. She must take him to the theatre, too; and fight with hackmen and policemen for his dear sake. Some female Legouve must arise and write the "Moral History of Man;" some Michelet must maunder about "L'Homme;" and some petticoated Lovelace must be found to do full justice to the feelings of woman in her new sphere. The dead toast of "Wine and Woman" must give place to the new one of Woman" must give place to the new one of "Men and Maraschino,"—New York World.

A Southern paper starts an entirely new theory touching the secret of Lord Byrou's domestic misfortunes. It is ingenious, remantic, and, of course, horrible. We have all been dragged so much of late into the Phwdra and Borgia style of literature that it is perhaps no harm to allude to this other agreeable theory. It is that Lord Byron discovered, or fancied he discovered, that a lady to whom he was once deeply attached was roally his sister—that is, the daughter of his father; and that, confiding in a wild moment this discovery to Lady Byron, the latter assumed that he must have been speaking of Mrs. Leigh and acted accordingly. There! Has anybody else any other theory equally edifying and pleasant to contemplate? This is one of the wholesome effects of such "revelations" as that to which we have recently been treated—that it poisons literature and journalism for months after, and sets idle brains everywhere on the rack to hammer out rival explanations equally abominable.—N. Y. Inmantic, and, of course, horrible planations equally abominable. - N. Y. In-

A prize of \$10 was recently effered to any member of the Connecticut Teachers' Institute who would write and spell correctly the words in the following sentence: "It is an agreeable sight to witness the unparalleled embarrasament of a barnessed peddler attempting to gauge the symmetry of a peeled onion, which a sibyl has stabled or a peeled onion, which a sibyl has stabled with a poniard, regardless of the innuendoes of the lifes of cornelian hue." Thirty-eight teachers competed for the prize, but not one was successful.

24" Of Walter Savage Landor, whose "Memorials" are soon to be published to

"Memorials" are soon to be published by the Harpers, the Etinburgh Review tells the following story: "In his garden walks he would bend over the flowers with a sort of worship, but rarely touched one of them. The form which the notoriety of this senti-ment took in the Florentine legend was that he had one day, after an imperfect dinner, thrown the cook out of the window, and, while the man was writhing with a broken limb, ejaculated, 'Good God! I forgot the The Ayrshire cow Flore, imported

for The Ayrshire own Flora, imported from England in 1859, and now owned by Mr. Wm. Birnie, of Massachusetts, from July 12 to November 1, 1896, gave an average of thirty-nine pounds of milk per day. Her food was corn fodder, grass, and, in October, cabbages.

The Judge Barnard, in New York, recently declined to issue an order of arrest in

cently declined to issue an order of arrest in a case where one stock broker was charged with having outwitted or swindled another, on the ground that all stock transactions were in the nature of gambling, and that no one but a broker could understand brokers'

bargains.

\*\*TA cranky bachelor says that there

are not half so many self-made men now a-days as there are "self-made" women. 137 A paper published in Palmer, Mass., says:—"Whoever rides through the mountain towns of our state during the present own the fields. Men's help is scarce and high, and the women of the family, like true help-meets, turn out and help gather

the crop One of Commodore Vanderbilt's daughters has taught her daughter to mend stockings, "because," as she remarked to a lady friend who was not much in the mending way, "there is no telling what a woman may be called upon to do in this country, or what fate awaited her, and she believed in instructing them in useful arts as a prepa-ration for any reverse that might overtake

With the possible exception of Wm. Astor, Commodore Vanderbilt is pro-bly the richest man on this continent, is the owner of a majority of the stock the New York Central, Hudson River, Harlem, Michigan Southern, and Lake Shore railroads, and will probably probate at about

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKETS. The apply of Ber Cattle during the past week amounted to about 1750 head. The prices realized from \$45% etc B h. 100 Cows brought from \$45 to 70 y lead. Steep-10,000 head were disposed of at from 4050 b h. 2000 Hogs sold at from \$11,00 to 14,50 y 100 he.

IMPORTANT to Soldiers, Sailors, Marines, their parents, widows, orphans to call on or write to M. S. League & Co., No. 125 South 7th st., Philadelphia. sep4 19.

"No practicing or drumming allowed on this piano," is a notice conspicuously dis-played in the parlor of one of the watering

A Great Bellet.

A Great Hettet.

Since the papers have so widely circulated the story that the tomato worm is fatally poisonous, great anxiety has been felt by old maids and nervous housewives lest a terrible calamity befall them, and they have not only carefully avoided tomato patches, but have cautioned the gardener, the kitchen girl, and all the children to keep at a safe distance from these ugly green worms with poisonous stiegs. But here comes comfort from a man of science.

Mr. Walsh, a practical entomologist, who has studied worms most thoroughly, says:

Mr. Walsh, a practical entomologist, who has studied worms most thoroughly, says: "I scarcely supposed that anybody would for a moment believe such silly nonsense; but as I find that a great many do solually believe it, I take this opportunity to study believe it, I take this opportunity to study believe it, I take this opportunity of the whole cloth. The horn in the tomate worm's tall is not a sting, neither can it penetrate the human flesh, and even if it did there is no poison bag attached to it, so that the result would be no more serious than a wound from a needle."

H. H. H.
Radway's Heady Meltef
Cures the Worst Pains in from One to Twenty NOT ONE HOUR

After reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN. RADWAY'N READY RELIEF is a cure for

THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations and cures congestions, whether of the lungs, stomach, bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application,

In from time to Twenty Minutes,

No matter how violent or excructating the pain, the RHEUMATIC, bed-ridden, infirm, crippled, ner-

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF WILL APPORD INSTANT RELIEF. APLARMATION OF THE KIDNETS,
INFLARMATION OF THE BLADDER,

INFLARMATION OF THE BLADDER, INFLARMATION OF THE BOWELS, CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS, SORE THEOAT, DIFFICULT BARATHING, PALPITATION OF THE BEART, HYSTERICS, CROUP, DUTMERIA.

HEADACHF, TOOTHACHF,
NEURALGIA, HREUMATION,

COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.
The application of the Renady Relief to the part or parts, where the pain or difficulty exists, will

afford case and comfort.

Twenty drops in a half tumbler of water will, in a Twenty drops in a half tambler of water will, in a few minutes, cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STO-MACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARR-HEA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS. Travellers should always carry a bottle of Rade-way's Reflef with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water.

It is better than Prench brandy or bitters as a stimu

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There not a remedial agent in this world that will cure ever and Ague, and all other malarious, bilious, scarlet, typhold, yellow, and other fevers (sided by RADWAY'S PILLS), so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Dr. Bindway's Perfect Purgative Pills,

ostiveness, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliquaness, bill

effect a positive cure. Price in cents per box.

Read FALSE AND TRUE. Send one letter stamp
to Radway & Co., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York.
Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sold by Druggists.

NEWSPAPER men speak of the Prince Imperial as bidding fair to become a very tall man. He is even now taller than his mother, and in a year or two he will tower above his father. Unfortunately, his mental capacities do mat keep step with his physical growth. His teachers give more doleful reports than ever before of his progress in all branches of learning, except in mathematics, in which he is said to take some delight and to be moderately proficient. As regards his character, it is no longer as peevish and irasoible as it used to be. The imperial boy is, on the contrary, getting quite sweet tempered, to the great delight of young Conneau and the rest of his playmates, all of whom detested him heretofore on account of his ill-naturedness. NEWSPAPER men speak of the Prince Im

To Owners of Horses and Cattle.

TOBIAS' DEBRY CONDITION POWDERS are warrant haying season will see scores of women at work in the field. In a ride of half a dozen miles last week we counted thirty women making hay. In most cases they were the wives and daughters of the farmers who stopping the working of your animals. They in the stopping the working of your animals. They in They are perfectly safe and innocent; no need of stopping the working of your animals. They increase the appetite, give a fine cost, cleanse the sto-The late Hiram Woodruff, celebrated trainer of trot ting horses, used them for years. Col. Philo. P. would not use them until he was told of what they are composed, since which he is never without them He has over twenty running horses in his charge and for the last three years has used no other medi cine for them. He has kindly permitted me to refer any one to him. Over 1900 other references can be seen at the depot.

City.

Sold by drugglate and eaddlers. Price, 25 etc. per
John P. Torm, Jr., of Bath, Maine, to Miss Many
Hittor, of this city. box. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

suffering from the extraordinary proceedings of numerous religious sects that have recently sprung up in that country. The nature of the doctrines preached by these sects may be judged from a recent occurrence in the district of Saratow. A short time ago the prophets of a new religion made their appearance in that part of the empire, preaching self-destruction by fire as the only sure road to salvation; and so readily was this dreadful doctrine received by the ignorant and superstitious peasantry, that in one large village no less than seven-teen hundred persons assembled in some wooden houses, and, having barricaded the doors and windows, set the building on fire and perished in the flames.

Anecdates of Wordsworth.

Anecdotes of Wordsworth.

Crabb Robinson, who was in some sort a celebrity, being connected with the London Times for nearly half a century, tells racy stories in an attractive style. Here are two or three: "Wordsworth told me that before his ballads were published, Tobin implored him to leave out 'We are Seven,' as a poem that would dawn the book. It became, however, one of the most popular.

When Lady Mackintosh was once stating to Coloridge her disregard of the brauties of nature, which near commonly affect to admire, he said his friend Wordsworth had described her feeling, and quoted three lines from 'Peter Bell:'

'A primrose by a river's brim A yellow primrose was to him And it was nothing more.'

"'Yes,' said her ladyship, 'that is precisely my care.

Science Advances.

As soon as an article purporting to be of utility has been teeted, and its merits endorsed by public opinion, unprincipled parties endeavor to replenish their depleted purses by counterfeiting, and substituting a spurious for the genuine article. Some time since, mercury, in the disguise of pills, powders, &c., was given for all diseases of the stomach and liver, while quintne was freely administered for the chills. At length HOSTET. TER'S STOMACH BITTERS made its advent, and an entire new system of healing was inaugurated. The beneficial effects of this valuable preparation were at once acknowledged, and minera poisons suffered to sink into that obscurity to which an enlightened age has consigned them. which an enlightened age has consigned them. There have been many spurious Bitters paimed upon the community, which after trial, have been found perfectly worthless, while HOSTETTER'S has proved a blessing to thousands, who owe to it their restoration to health, and for many years we have watched the steady progress of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in public estimation, and its beneficient effects as a cure for all complaints arising from the stomach of a morbid na-ture, and we are free to ear that it can be relied upon ture, and we are free to say that it can be relied upon as a certain relief and remedy. Ha preprietors have made the above preparation, after years of careful study and sitting, and are now resping the reward claimed by this valuable specific, and which they so richly merit. It is the only preparation of the kind that is reliable in all cases, and it therefore demands the attention of the afflicted.

septi-it

New Building Material.—A remarkable discovery has just been made by a man at Grenoble, by which it is calculated that cometeries and graveyards will become superfluous. At the decease of an individual the body is plunged into a liquid invented by the man of Grenoble, and in about five years the individual is turned into stone. The secret of the petrifaction is known only to the discoverer. But he goes further. He says that in a thousand years' time, if persons will only preserve their relatives and friends, they will be able to build a house with them, and thus live in residences surrounded by their ancestors.—Exchange.

Something New and Startling

Psychologic Attraction, Fascination, or Science of the Soul. A new book, 400 pages, nonpariet, elecantir bound in cloth, by Herbert Hamilton, B. A., author of "Natural Forces," etc. This wonderful book contains full and complete instructions to enable any one to fascinate and gain the confidence or love of either sex, and control or subject the brute creation at will. All possess and can exert this mental power, by reading this book (not a mere circular or advertising scheme), which can be obtained by sending your address and postage to the publishers, T. W. EVANE & Co., 139 South 7th st., or 41 South 8th st., Philadelphia.

Sorosis is in a moribund condition. It began very well, but in a little while all the young women married, and thereupon speedily vacated their seats in the society. The older ones gossipped, first about outsiders and next about each other, till the Sorosis was broken into factions, and is now breaking into fragments.

Dr. Courand's Oriental Cream or Ma-

Bor. Gourand's Oriental Cream or Ma-gical Beautifier.

This preparation has acquired a reputation which makes it sought after by isdies coming from or going to the most distant countries, for it has no equal or rival in its beautifying qualities. Like all other of sale until it has become a specialty by its own merits, and is not the creature of mere advertising noto-It is recommended from one customer to an other on actual knowledge of its value and utility Prepared by Dr. FELIX GOURAUD, 48 Bond street, re moved from 452 Broadway, New York, and to be had of all drugglets.

MARRIAGES.

Marriage notices must always be accompanied y a responsible name.

On the 29th of Aug., by the Rev. William T. Eva, r. William J. Chotes to Miss Isansila Wilson,

On the 17th of Aug., by the Rev. Mr. Grahn, Mr. Priengish R Passen to Miss Enna Knows, both of this city. On the 17th of June, by the Rev. Wm. T. Mages, M. D., Mr. Hanny Same to Miss Annie E. Fishka,

DEATHS.

Notices of Deaths must always be accompa-

On the first of Aug., Greener W., son of Wm. and Elizabeth Stratton, in his zid year. On the first of Aug., Mrs. Manganer Counter-MEN, in her 37th year.
On the 21st of Aug., Jacon L. Cooren, aged 52

On the 30th of Aug., ENNA MATTHEWS, In her 25th place hotels.

ASTRIAS, Rose Colds, Hay Fever, &c., no sufferer should be without JONAS WHITCOMES RE.

Hollowar's Ourtherst, rubbed vigorously over the chest and through, will cure in a single night coughs, colds and catarris; for the last, rub it freely over forehead and hose. It never falls to cure.

ASTRIAS, Rose Colds, Hay Fever, &c., no sufferer should be without JONAS WHITCOMES RE.

MEDY FOR ANTHEMA. It is an unfailing cure for these distressing complaints. Joseph Bunnery coughs, colds and catarris; for the last, rub it freely over forehead and hose. It never falls to cure.

### NAMEL ESS.

There is no heart but hath its inner anguish There is no eye but hath with tears been

wet, There is no voice but hath been heard to O'er hours of darkness it can ne'er forget.

There is no check, however bright its roses, But perished buds beneath its hues are

But perished buds beneath its nues are hid; No eye that in its dewy light reposes, But broken starbeams tremble 'neath its

There is no lip, howe'er with laughter ring ing, However light and gay its words may be, But it both trembled at some dark upspring

We are all brothers in this land of dreaming. Yet hand meets hand, and eye to eye replies, Nor deem we that beneath a brow all beam

Of stern affection and deep misery.

ing The flower of life in broken beauty lies.

# A Day at Niagara Falls.

BY MARK TWAIN.

THE TAMED HACKMAN

Niagara Falls is one of the finest structures in the known world. I have been
visiting this favorite watering place recently, for the first time, and was well
pleased. A gentleman who was with me
said it was constomary to be disappointed in
the Falls, but that subsequent visits were
sure to set that all right. He said it was so
with him. He said that the first time he
went the hack fares were so much higher
than the Falls that the Falls appeared insignificant. But that is all regulated now.
The hackmen have been tamed, and numbered, and placarded, and blookguarded,
and brought into subjection to the law, and
dosed with Moral Principle, till they are as
meek as missionaries. They are divided
into two class now—the Regulars and the
Privateers—and they employ their idle time
in warning the public against each other.
The Regulars are under the hotel banners,
and do the legitimate at two dollars an The Regulars are under the hotel banners, and do the legitimate at two dollars an hour; and the Privateers provid darkly on neutral ground, and pick off stragglers at half price. But there are no more outrages and extortions. That sort of thing cured itself. It made the Falls unpopular by getting into the newspapers, and whenever a public evil achieves that sort of a success for itself, its days are numbered. It became apparent that either the Falls had to the discontinued or the hackmer had to subfor itself, to come apparent that either the Falls had to be discontinued or the backmen had to subside. They could not dam the Falls, and so they damned the hackmen. One can be comfortable and happy there now.

SIGNS AND SYMBOLS. I drank up most of the American Fall be-fore I learned that the waters were not confore I learned that the waters were not con-sidered medicinal. Why are people left in ignorance in that way? I might have gone on and ruined a fine property merely for the want of a little trilling information. And yet the sources of information at Niagara are not meagre. You are sometimes in doubt there about what you ought to do, but you are seldom in doubt about what you must not do. No—the signs keep you posted. If an infant can read, that infant is measurably safe at Niagara Falls. In the room at your hotel you will find your course marked out for you in the most convenient way by means of placards on the walls, like these:

Pull the bell-rope gently, but don't D jork

Bolt your door.' "Don't scrape matches on the wall."
"Turn off your gas when you retire."

"Tie up your dog."
"If you place your boots outside the door they will be blacked—but the bouse will not be responsible for their return." [This is a confusing and tanglesome proposition, be-cause it moves you to deliberate long and painfully as to whether it will really be any object to you to have your boots blacked unless they are returned.

"Give your key to the omnibus driver if you forget and carry it off with you."

Outside the hotel, wherever you wander, Outside the hotel, wherever you wander, you are intelligently assisted by the signs. You cannot come to grief as long as you are in your right mind. But the difficulty is to stop in your right mind with so much instruction to keep track of. For instance:

"Keep off the grass."

"Hands off the vegetables."

bery."
"Visit the Cave of the Winds." "Have your portrait taken in your car-

"Forty per cent. in gold levied on all

canuts or other Indian Curiosities pur-based in Canada."
"Photographs of the Falls taken here."

"Visitors will please notify the Superin-tendent of any neglect on the part of em-ployes to charge for commodities or ser-vices." [No inattention of this kind ob-

"Don't throw stones down-they may hit

people below."
"The proprietors will not be responsible to the Falls."

"The proprietors will not be responsible for parties who jump over the Falls." [More shirking of responsibility—it appears to be the prevailing thing here.] I always had a high regard for the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, but now they do not really seem to amount to much alongside the Signers of Niagara Falls. To tell the plain truth, the multitude of signs annoyed me. It was because I noticed at last that they always happened to prohibit exactly the very thing I was just a noticed at last that they always happened to prohibit exactly the very thing I was just wanting to do. I desired to roll on the grass; the sign prohibited it. I wished to climb a tree; the sign prohibited it. I longed to smoke; a sign forbade it. And I was just in the act of throwing a stone over to astonish and pulverize such parties as might be pick-nicking below, when a over to astonish and pulverize such parties as might be pick-nicking below, when a sign I have just mentioned forbade that. Even that poor satisfaction was denied me (and I a friendless orphan). There was no recourse, now, but to seek consolation in the flowing bowl. I drew my flask from my pocket, but it was all in vain. A sign confronted me which said:

" No drinking allowed on these premises, On that spot I might have perished of thirst but for the saving words of an hon-ored maxim that flitted through my memory at the critical moment: "All signs fail in a dry time." Common law takes precedence of the statutes.



DAHIOMEY AND ITS BUMAN SACRIFICES.

The noide red man has always been a diving and Horizonta manners. How it to read of his impired sagacity; and his love of the wild free life of municain and forest; and his grant itrutfixiness, his of character; and his metaphorical manner of speech; and his chiralrous love for his darky makine; and the pictures me per his of character; and his metaphorical manner of speech; and his chiralrous love for his darky makine; and the pictures me pen his form him? "Dhrown him?" It was the quickest operation that ever dainty Indian bends work and stunning moccanins, and equally stunning toy figures representing human beings, who carried there is a form and the whole and stunning moccanins, and equally stunning toy figures representing human beings, who carried there is a form and the whole and the work and backer, and had not enough at approached the bridge grand array of curiosities were made by the Indians, and that they were friendly, and And nurse manny has a proposed the history of the mineral array of curiosities were made by the Indians, and that they were friendly, and And nurse manny has a proposed the history of the mineral array of the proposed of the broad array of curiosities were made by the Indians, and that they were friendly, and And nurse manny has a proposed of the Portes, string under a tree, diligently at work on a bead returning the last and the string over to lens leidand, I came upon a mobe oal Son of the Portes, string under a tree, diligently at work on a bead returning to the water of the history of the water of the broad and the contented with dreaming of his dusky makes who varye. Wange of the water and the work of the proposed of the week had a hort black pipe in his mouth. That diers the baneful contact with our effection at the contented with dreaming of his dusky makes the baneful contact with our effection at the contented with dreaming of his dusky makes the baneful contact with our effection and the contented with dreaming of his dusky makes the baneful contact with our effective the

reticules for the papeoses of the pale-face? Speak! sublime relic of bygone grandeur— venerable ruin, speak!"

The relic said:

An' is it meeself, Dinnis Hooligan, that ye'd be takin' for a bloody Injun, ye draw-lin', lantern-jawed, spider-legged divil! By the piper that played before Moses, I'll ate

I went away from there

I went away from there.

By-and-by, in the neighborhood of the
Terrapin Tower, I came upon a gentle
daughter of the aborigines, in fringed and
beaded buck-kin moccasins and leggins, seated on a bench with her pretty wares about
her. She had just carved out a wooden
chief that had a strong family resemblance
to a clothes-pin, and was now boring a hole

Do not hitch your horse to the shrub-ber race and the vanished glory of her an y."

Control of the shrubtowards the hunting grounds whither her brave Gobbler-of-the-Lightnings is gone! Why is my daughter silent? Has she aught against the pale face stranger?"

The maiden said:
"Faix, an' is it Biddy Malone ye dare to be callin' names? Lave this, or I'll shy your lean carcass over the catharact, ye sniveling

blaggard! blagyard!"
I adjourned from there also. "Confound these Indians." I said; "they told me they were tame; but, if appearances should go for anything, I should say they were all on the meanth."

I made one I made one more attempt to fraternize with them, and only one. I came upon a camp of them gathered in the shade of a great tree, making wampum and moccasins and addressed them in the language of

friendship:
"Noble Red Men, Braves, Grand Sachems, War-Chiefs, Squaws and High-you. Muck-a-Mucks, the pale face from the land of the setting sun greets you! You Beneof the setting sun greets you! You Beneficent Polecat—you, Devourer of Mountains—you, Rearing Thundergust—you, Bully-boy-with-a-Glass-Eye—the pale face from boy-with-a-Glass-Eye—the pale face from beyond the great waters greets you all! War and pestilence have thinned your ranks and destroyed your once proud nation. Poker, and seven-up, and a vain modern expense for soap, unknown to your glorious ancestors, have depleted your purses. Appropriating in your simplicity the property of others has gotten you into trouble. Misrepresenting facts, in your sinless innocence, has damaged your reputation with the soulless usurper. Trading for forty-rod whiskey, to enable you to get drunk and happy and tomahawk your families, has played the everlasting mischief with the pictureque pomp of your dress, and here you are, in the broad light of the nineteenth century, gotten up like the ragtag and bobtail of the purileus of New York! For shame! Remember Uncas!—and Red Jacket!

"Yes-in my other vest. Help me out,

Not for Joe."

"Not for Joe."
When I came around again I said:
"Excuse the seemingly importinent curiosity of a drowning man, but will you explain this singular conduct of yours!"
"With pleasure. I am the coroner. Don't hurry on my account. I can wait for you.
But I wish I had a match!"
I said: "Take my place and I'll go and

But I wish I had a match!"
I said: "Take my place and I'll go and
get you one."
He declined. This lack of confidence on
his part created a coolness between us, and
from that time forward I avoided him. It her. She had just carved out a wooden from that time forward I avoided him. It would be a strong family resemblance to a clothes-pin, and was now boring a hole through his abdomen to put his bow through. I hesitated a moment, and then addressed her:

"Is the heart of the forest maiden heavy? Is the Laughing-Tadpole lonely? Does she mourn over the extinguished council-fires of with my management of the mourn over the extinguished council-fires of with my management and my money was with my management.

had the advantage of him. My money was with my pantaloons, and my pantaloons were with the indians.

Thus I escaped. I am now lying in a very critical condition. At least, I am lying, any way—critical or not critical.

I am hurt all over, but I cannot tell the full extent yet, because the doctor is not done taking the inventory. He will make out my manifest this evening. However, thus far, he thinks only six of my wounds are fatal. I don't mind the others.

Upon regaining my right mind. I said:

Upon regaining my right mind, I said:
"It is an awfully savage tribe of Indians
that do the bend-work and moccasins for
Ningara Falls, doctor. Where are they

"Limerick, my son."
I shall not be sble to finish my remarks about Niagara Falls until I get better.
—Buffalo Express.

Dahomey and its Human Sacrifices, [SEE ENGRAVING.]

Dahomey is the great military monarchy of Western Africa. Small in itself, it becomes terrible by its entire devotion to works of conquest and slaughter. It is a huge association of human tigers.

The whole population of this formidable state is said to be only 200,000, of which no more than 20 000 are free. But probably no

tents and banners, and the king takes his place in the centre. A large distribution of cowries, tobacco, and other gifts, is made by the king to the waiting multitude. Then are brought forward the victims.

On the occasion when Mr. Forbes was present, fourteen unfortunate prisoners, Attabpahms, were thus produced. The prisoners were lashed hand and foot, and tied in small cances and baskets, dressed in clean white dresses, with high red caps, and were borne above the heads of the people to the platform. They met the gaze of their nurderers with a coolness which was truly astonishing. Ten of these human offerings, with an alligator and a cat, were guarded by male soldiers; the other four by amazons.

ed by male soldiers; the other four by amasons.

Three or four of these poor victims were ransomed by Mr. Forbes and Mr. Beecroft; but the rest could not be saved. Immediately under the royal stand stood seven or eight fell ruffians, armed with clubs and swords, grinning horribly. The victims were held high in the air, and the king made a speech, telling his people that of his prisoners he gave a pertion to them, as his father had done. The first was then lowered and stripped of his clothes, and the foot of the basket placed on the parapet. The king then lifted the other end, and the poor creature was thrown forward. Before he could well have reached the ground, clubs and swords from all sides had done their work, and the body was dragged to a pit at some distance, where it was left for birds and beasts of prey. And some of the assistants in this brutal massacre were women?

# NODDY'S SITUATION.

# IN FIVE CHAPTERS.

CHAPTER I.

"I give my daughter Julia three years. You understand? If she makes a good match within that period—well; if not, I have done with her: I wash my hands of her completely." Mrs. Muciller gently chafed her left hand with her right, arranged her right, and replaced her firers upon the lace. rings, and replaced her fingers upon the lace handkerchief in her lap, as though the operation were completed.

'Amply sufficient, my dear Mrs. Muciller, for a young lady who doubtless inherits her

mother's tact for improving a favorable op-portunity;" and Mrs. Sharing took a com-prehensive glance at the drawing-room of Braithfield Villa. The room was handsome and tasteful, as even a neighbor would allow. and tasteful, as even a neighbor would allow. A cool green light shimmered in through the jasmine-covered verandah, and played in wavering little pools of subdued sunshine upon the carpet. A soft green fernery had taken the place of the winter fire-grate, its beauty reproduced in a plate-glass background. The furniture modern, and doubt-less clegant, but swathed up in holland coverings, as though it were dead furniture, shrouded and laid out, waiting to be buried. A tiny fragile stem of frosted silver depended from the ceiling to carry the Greek lamp branches, hung with silver chains, and the perfect globes of egg-shell glass. The piano was Broadwood's grand; and displayed on dainty little tables, was the correct quantity of drawing-room stores.

ring's house she first met Mr. Mu ler, a successful spe-culator, who experi-enced little difficulty enced little difficulty in tracing back his extra a rich man when he married Mrs. Cray; but he went on spe-marrier. as people culating, as people will, and the crash came, and he was nearly ruined in fortune, and quite in health; for he took it ler a widow for the second time, with a second the handsome house and come. Still, it been a favorable come. Still, it had been a favorable op-portunity for Mrs. Mucilier, late Cray, all things considered. "At least," Mrs. Muciller said, in reply to Mrs. Sharing's re-mark, "I can rely on Julia's discretion.— She is not likely to be She is not likely to be betrayed into an un-desirable match. My daughter is not fligh-ty, like some girls." When Mrs. Sharing had taken her leave Mrs. Muciller though

a few minutes, then touched

bell.

Send Miss Nod-

quired to take at least as active a share in household duties as you have done with me. You have therefore no reason, nor, I feel sure, say desire for complaint on that score. But it is needfal I should inform you the time has arrived for a change in our mutual relations. You are aware Julia returns tomorrow from finishing her education. It is my intention to make great personal and pecuniary sacrifices, with a view to her advancement in life. It is probable we may entertain more company than we have been in the habit of doing, and consequently we may require more domestic assistance. But this and other expenses will involve pinching. I must pinch, you must pinch—we must all pinch, in fact. Under these circumstances, I am not disposed to continue cumstances, I am not disposed to continue to employ you in a subordinate capacity in the household, for people to make remarks about, and I cannot afford to retain you in any other. You will therefore see it to be

your duty at once to look out for a situation as governess in some respectable family. I will not hurry you to a few weeks, and I shall do my best meantime to help you find shall do my best meantime to help you find such a situation; but I name three months as the time at which our present connection shall cease."

"Oh, dear," said Noddy, her usually cheerful face becoming quite blank—"I'm sure I'm not fit for a governess. I don't know nearly enough to teach."

"Perhaps not. No one does. What of that's You are quite as competent as many

any other.

"Perhaps not. No one does. What or that? You are quite as competent as many young ladies I know who go out. No girl is expected to be competent in her first place. You learn at your first situation what you want to teach at the second. It is the same in all businesses. Now, let us see what we can say in the advertisement—French, German, Italian, and the usual accomplishments, I suppose; that is the customary thing."

"But I scarcely know a word of French, "But I scarcely know a word of French, not a syllable of German, and can't even understand an Italian song," objected Noddy; "and as to accomplishments, I can only play hymn tunes, as you call them, on the piano." "Very well, miss; and pray, what of that? Nobody will ask you for more, will they? You will go with young children first; you can teach them English, and spelling, and that, and what little French you do know, and their notes on the piano; and if know, and their notes on the piano; and if their parents wish for more, you can tell them it is not advisable to overfill little

heads too soon, can't you?"

"But I should be so ashamed," pleaded Naddy. "Please, don't say all that, for indeed I couldn't teach at all when it was found out how ignorant I was of all I had professed; and people would despise me when they found me out."

"Noiseense: nobody will find you out.

on dainty little tables, was the correct quantity of drawing-room stores.

As Mrs. Sharing mentally appraised the effects in her friend's room, she was not unmindful of the favorable opportunity that had been improved. It was not so many years since a Mrs. Cray, a widow with one daughter, had been a fashionable teacher of music and painting, and had found Mrs. Sharing one of the most useful of patrons.

T200

dry time." Common new can the statutes. I was saved, 01000

CHAPTER II.

The 28th of June being the anniversary of Coronation Day, is kept holiday at most country places. Both Mrs. Muciller's servants had hurried to get their work done early; and as "their people," to wit, Mrs. Muciller and her daughter (for Noddy didn't count) were going out, they were given the afternoon as a boliday.

It was a real treat to Noddy to get a spare afternoon all to herself, with no work to do.

afternoon as a boliday.

It was a real treat to Noddy to get a spare afternoon all to herself, with no work to do, and no one to find fault with her. Noddy made up her mind she would spend the time in trying to learn how to teach music. So she went in to the piano in the drawing-room. I don't like digressions, but pardon me for a moment. I would not have you think Norah Cray an ignorant girl simply because she owned herself consciously unfit for a governess: she was not that. Her opportunities had been scanty enough. She left school at thirteen to "make herself useful." But Noddy had read a great deal, and possessed besides much intuitive knowledge of the right and wrong of things, though without being at all times able to reduce it to such a rule and science as would properly qualify for a teacher. She at least had this wisdom, that when she did not know anything, she would make no secret of her ignorance about it; and if all of us did the same, we might none of us seem quite so wise as we do. Noddy had picked up a fair knowledge of music, though not of a showy sort. Fireworks on the piano completely baffied her; but she could play some of Mosart's quieter sonatas with taste and real feeling, and they delighted her heart, and no one to find fault with her. Noddy made up her mind she would spend the time in trying to learn how to teach music. So she went in to the piano in the drawing room. I don't like digressions, but pardon me for a moment. I would not have you think Norah Cray an ignorant girl simply because she owned herself consciously unit for a governess: she was not that. Her opportunities had been scanty enough. She left school at thirteen to "make herself unfail." "Two cups, please," said Mr. Frank again, clamored to take her meaks with the family. She was certain Mrs. Musiller would not like this arrangement, but divining a refusal might prove under the subject of the right and wrong of things, though without being at all times able to reduce it to such a rule and science as would properly qualify for a teacher. She at least had this wisdom, that when she did not know anything, she would make no secret of her ignorance about it; and if all of un did the same, we might none of us seem quite so wise as we do. Noddy had picked up a fair knowledge of music, though not of a showy sort. Fireworks on the piano completely haffied her; but she could play some of Monart's quicters contass with taste and real feeling, and they delighted her heart, though they were utterly unsuited for dismant the main of Monart's quicters contass with taste and real feeling, and they delighted her heart, though they were utterly unsuited for dismant the same wa how to teach. So she began at the beginning of her Pianoforte Tator, and went alondy on till she came to the scales, which she commenced practising.

20000

-you are not polite enough. But one never

"Upon my word, you are not flattering. Still, at anyrate, I think you might have offered me some refreshment, as I have just

ome off a journey."

"I am very sorry," said Noddy; "but
Mrs. Muciller has taken the keys with her.
I can only offer you a cup of tea or coffee,
and some bread and butter. Everything else

# CHAPTER III.

Six weeks had come and gone at Braith-field Villa. The advertisement had been inserted five times—but still no answer. A situation as governess is not the easiest thing to obtain. It is something like that of prime minister—there are always plenty of candidates for the office, and most of the candidates (poor things) are about as well fitted for it.

PROMISSION OF THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

The same data posted and of a base of the ba

audeen deprecented or anares (which has previously gone up many hundred per cent. above their paid-up value,) a heavy call was to be made on the shareholders.

Mind—once more. It is not for me to defend Mr. Geogagan. I take the facts as they come. I cannot apologise for facts, and won't. It was settled that Mrs. Muciliar and her devented the control of the control and won't. It was settled that Mrs. Mucilier and her daughter were to go to the pionic, while Mr. Geogagan went to London to transact his business. Mr. Frank never went near the metropolis at all; he just marched over to Mr. Sharing's to smoke a cigar. When the house was clear, Noddy sat down at her books, to study teaching. It has been said Mrs. Mucilier knew Mrs. Sharing for a gorsic. Mr. Frank also knew

It has been said Ers. Muchier anow Ers. Sharing for a gossip. Mr. Frank also knew Mr. Sharing for one. With this knowledge, how it was he went and confided to such a man the state of his affairs, I must leave to you to guess. Over their cigars he stated something like

this to Mr. Sharing:

"The fact is this. Every penny I could get together I put into this Indian Land Reclamation scheme. The shares went up fabulously, till a hundred pounds because fabulously, till a hundred plunds became worth thousands. The schem was feasible, and likely to succeed and to pay to any premium the shares could go to, it was so good. I had every confidence in it. Suddenly, a panic comes, the shares drop nearly to par before we in England can get the intelligence, and we are called on to pay up our amounts. Now, I know you are accustomed to advance are a constant.

amounts. Now, I know you are accustomed to advance money on security—will you lend me three thousand pounds on a deposit of shares to twice the amount?"

"Ah, my young friend," said Mr. Sharing, "you see that's your way and the way of yours, always. Here you go and mix your-self up in the rashest of speculations without a chance of success—as independent as

whereon the cloud-shadows floated—wide, swelling waves that calmly rolled the sun-shine along to cool reedy music, as the breeze played on the heavy grain—and burning poppies were upheaved or borne under by the chasing waves. By hedges, bright with summer flowers, and cool with ferns and creeping green. Along paths pat-terned over with the moving shadows of oak, and clim and willow. and elm. and willow. " Noddy, what would you say if I told you

"Noddy, what would you say if I told you I was ruined?"

"I should say I didn't believe you."

"All the property I have in India is in the 'Anglo-Waddy Company' for the reclamation of land from the sea. I doubt if I shall ever see a sixpence of it again. Mr. Sharing told me to-day, the share certificates are not worth the paper they are printed on."

cates are not worth the paper they are printed on."

"Well," said Noddy, "I thought you said you were ruined. Is that all?"

"All?" he returned, rather sharply. "Is it not enough to be ruined? Not a sixpence of it, not a penny piece, shall I see again!"

"Oh," Noddy said, half talking to herself, "is that ruin? It seems to me a man is never ruined while he has life, and health, and strength, and cheerful courage.'

"It is easy to talk. You never had any

"It is easy to talk. You never had any meney to lose."
"No; not much, property for ali that."
"It is easy to talk. You never had any meney to lose."

property for all that."
"Indeed. And pray how much?"
"Thirty pogends in the savings-bank,
which my father left me."
Mr. Frank laughed, despite his own
trouble.

trouble.

"Dear me! I didn't know you were an heiress before. How you would grieve to lose your money!"

"I should be sorry."

"Then you can't find fault with me for being the same at losing so many thousands." "The amount makes no difference

thirty pounds is my all, and I should be ju

as sorry to lose it as you are at losing your all. But though I'm only a woman, I shouldn't say I was ruined—that is ab-

surd."
"You are a Job's comforter, at all events."
"You are a Job's comforters like Job" "There are very few comforter, at all events,"
in these days," said Noddy—" very few persons who would sit down in eilent sympathy, the deepest of all sympathies, for three days and three nights with a friend."

So you look upon me as a friend?"
Yes," said Noddy, blushing a little, but bleased with herself for doing so, on acoust of an arowal so innecessary.

count of an avowal so innocent.

"And can you give me any better advice than Job's friends?"

than Job's friends?"

"Perhaps not."

"Tell me what you think I ought to do."

"Do!" said Noddy quickly. "Go and work. It's a brave thing, work is. You will forget all about being ruined, and only remember you are a saca, doing a man's work. I don't know what I abould do without work myself; it's the most soothing and refreshing comfort I know, even to me, and it must be better to a man. But your case is nothing like Job's. If it had been only his money Job had lost, his friends would just have stayed at home, and sent messengers offering to help him to work, and Job is just the sort of man who would have been content to take it."

we been content to take it."
"Noddy, I really believe you're right."
"I'm rure I am. Haven't you seen me

"I'm sure I am. Haven't you seen me sweep?"

"Yes," laughed Mr. Frank; "but that is hardly in my way—digging would come more natural than that."

"Then dig. But there's plenty of work for earnest workers with brains without digging. I don't pretend to tell you the exact direction in which it lies, because that is out of my province; but I am sure you will find it, if you are in earnest."

"I will," said Mr. Frank, and he was quiet again for a little.

And Noddy was quiet too. She had something on her mind she wished to say, but hardly liked to mention it. However, she began: "If you mean what you say, you will not remain much longer here."

"I shall not remain much longer here."

be echoed abstractedly.

"You will begin at once to strike out a new path, as a brave man should; and you will walk as straight, and feel as proud as a man ought who feels he is neither ruined nor disgraced when he has only lost his

money."

"Gently, Noddy. People don't like to see much of this sort of thing in any but the

rich."

"Then people are wrong, and must be shown so. But what I want to say is this: If you have lost all your money, you may have expenses to meet, and one thing and another that may harass you, and prevent your beginning dea."

another that may harass you, and prevent your beginning clear."

Mr. Frank nodded. "Quite so," he said, and shook his head gravely.

"Well, would you mind—that is, if I lent you twenty pounds of my property, would you be certain sure to pay it back to me again somewhere? I can't spare more very well, as I want ten pounds of it to get my-self ready for the situation I am looking for self ready for the situation I am looking for But I thought it might come in handy."

"Just so," said Mr. Frank, and shook his
head again gravely; "there's no doubt

about it."

"You see, I should not have proposed it, but I should charge you interest, and that would do away with all obligation."

"Entirely," Mr. Frank coincided; "that would be a regular commercial transaction. And the interest would be?"

"Three per cent.—the same as the bank gives."

And you would require my note of hand

"No," said Noddy, langhing at the idea as absurd; "I can trust you for that."
"What for nearly all your property?"
"Yes; because it would not ruin me if I "Well, I will take your money, Noddy— it will be very acceptable—and I won't cheat

you." No," Noddy said; "I hope you won't, for I look upon it as safe as the bank."

Mr. Frank laughed.
So it was settled that Noddy should draw the bank on the following

day.
"You are a good little friend, Noddy,"
Mr. Frank said, as they walked home.
"No," Noddy said; "I hope I should have done as much for any one,"
Noddy meant to tell the truth. Maybe

Noddy meant to tell the truth. Maybe she "hoped" she would, but I am not at all certain she would. However, she had never before felt so rich as at the prospect of helping Mr. Frank. Her twenty pounds seemed to her quite a large property, and she almost jumped to the conclusion that it would way towards making a pro

man of Mr. Geographia again.

Mrs. Muciller and Julia returned from the

Mrs. Muciller and Julia returned from the picnic party rather bored. It was "awfully slow," Julia decided; and "so many stuck-up girls that it was quite horrid."

Mr. Geogram spent the evening listening to Julia's music with as much apparent appreciation and interest as though he had not been unance-ssful in his attempt to raise the loan he wished from Mr. Sharing.

# CHAPTER IV.

One day passed—two days—three days, with little worthy of remark. Then Mrs. Muciller, becoming impatient at receiving no replies to the advertisement respecting Norah Cray, male a call on Mrs. Sharing to consult be about 10 per page 1 consult her about some immediate steps for getting Noddy out. At the close of her visit, Mrs. Sharing imparted the bit of news up for her last common y, that on the most reliable authority hamely, that on the most reliable authority, her Indian nephew was not worth a dozen rupces; and that he had actually attempted to raise a loan on his prespects of marriage with Miss Muciller. "Quite absurd, you know," said Mrs. Sharing; "but it just shows what he is worth."

"But I know he has money," Mrs. Mucil-r protested indignantly. "I'm certain of ler protested indignantly. "I'm certain of it. That Reclamation Company is a won-derfully good thing, and I know his money is in that. I have made every inquiry."

is in that. I have made every inquiry."
"Exactly. But that is the very reason.
The Anglo-Waddy Company has gone to entire ruin. My husband says the shares are not worth streams." not worth sixpence

This was a great blow for Mrs. Muciller, especially remembering that she had only horself to blame for promulgating the report of Julia's engagement to this adventurer. The one little bit of comfort she had port of remaining was, that Mr. Geogram had been as much deceived in thinking Julia had expectations as she had been with him. But that did not mend the matter, which pre-

1000 P

action; a course once resolved on with her was put into execution immediately. When tee was finished, she blandly requested Noddy and Julia to leave the room. Her manner of doing this was so marked, that had Mr. Frank not been deeply interested in a book he was reading on the sofa, he might have had his suspicious aroused.

When they were alone, Mrs. Muciller commenced: "Mr. Geogagan, will you do me the favor to pay attention to a few words! have to say?"

"I am all attention," said Mr. Frank, dropping his book, and drawing himself comfortably on to the sofa-cushiou.

"When you invited yourself as my guest, I had not the slightest idea that you would place me in a false position."

place me in a false position."
"Nor I." said Mr. Frank resignedly, his

hands languidly crossed, with the air of a martyr.
"I had no idea that you would avail your self of my hospitality to betray the confi-dence naturally reposed in a visitor."

dence naturally reposed in a visitor."

Mrs. Muciller paused, expecting an answer; but Mr. Frank was silent.

"Or," she continued, "I should not have extended towards you that hospitality. You will excuse my being plain, but it is my duty to be so."

Mr. Frank extended his hands and bent his head as descreeating such an exclusion.

Mr. Frank extended his hands and bent his head, as deprecating such an apology.

"Your conduct towards my daughter Julia has been most heartlessly cruel."

"Excuse me," said Mr. Frank.

"Pardon me; I don't wish to be interrupted. Most heartlessly cruel. You have paid her marked attentions at home and abroad, and have given currency to a most undesirable report that you were engaged to her, without any reference whatever to my wishes or feelings. I do not, of course, pretend to know the extent to which you have influenced her mind, or the hold you may have succeeded in obtaining over her affections; but I must say you have no right to promulgate a report that, in my opinion, is injurious to my daughter's prosright to promulgate a report that, in opinion, is injurious to my daughter's pr

I have paid your daughter no more at-There paid your daughter no more attention than ordinary courtesy to a relative would dictate. As to an engagement, I have not thought it needful to make a reference to you on the subject, Mrs. Muciller, not having had the slightest notion of such a

rence to you on the subject, Mrs. Mucilier, not having had the slightest notion of such a thing, until I heard the report you allude to, which certainly did not originate from me."

"It is most singular how such a report could have obtained currency had you given no occasion for it," said Mrs. Muciller.

"There I agree with you; and significant also," said Mr. Frank.

"And significant also. Had your attentions to Julia been restricted to home courtcesies, it might have been less so. But when you seek, ou the strength of such a report, previously disseminated by you, to use your rumored engagement as the security on which to borrow money, it becomes still more than significant, it becomes conclusive of something that is detestably disgraceful."

Mrs. Muciller paused, wishing for an answer to a shot that combined truth and falsehood so deftly that she knew it would tell; but there was only one answer Mr.

tell; but there was only one answer Mr. Frank could have given at the moment. If t had been a man who had stung him like this, Mr. Frank would have knocked him

own; but as it was a lady, he was silent.
"In entering my household," Mrs. Mucil
er proceeded, "you led me tacitly to un derstand that you were at least in as pros perous a position as I had reason to believe you were some years ago. It is useless to say you did not actually state this in so many words; you led me to believe it, and took no pains to dissipate such a belief. Such conduct I can only characterize as the Such conduct I can only characterize as the basest duplicity. You then sought, by the cunning artifice of a hinted engagement with my daughter, to mortgage her expectations as well as to injure her prospects.

uggage and personal effects to be sent after

him.

The note contained only an acknowledge the note contained only an acknowledge to the note of the ment of the sum of twenty pounds bor rowed from Norab.

# CHAPTER V.

People did talk; and the bitterness of it to Mrs. Muciller was that it was all her own doing. However, she was equal to the oc-casion. She had made one attempt to bring Julia out at eighteen with indifferent suc-Julia out at eighteen with indifferent suc-cess. As a shopkeeper, whose goods have been exposed in his window for a few weeks, and become a tritle soiled, will remove them to the back of his shop, that they may come out fresh again by-and-by, so Mrs. Muciller, whose daughter had become a tritle fly-blown by the exposure, resolved to send Julia to France to finish her education for the second time, to come out fresh at eighthe second time, to come out fresh at eighteen again in another twelvermonth. It took a few weeks to complete the necessary arrangements for Julia's departure, during which time Mrs. Muciller's attention was distracted from Neddy's affairs. The only entiment of emotion at the contro-temps ex sentiment of emotion at the contre-temps ex-hibited by Julia consisted in a renewed ex-pression, in song, of something like regret that the "two leaves were parted in the stream;" but as to any feeling of emotion, she probably had about as much as the "other leaf," that "floated forward all

few days after Miss Julia had become a pen-sionaire, of a Parisian establishment, Mrs. Muciller pounced upon an advertisement in

Return of post brought the following re " September 28, 18-.

"To Miss Norah Cray.
"If Miss Cray is of that opinion, she is requested to be at Lyndhurst Station at 7.15 P. M., to-morrow. Carriage will be sent.
"W."

" P. M?" Mrs. Muciller remarked. " Not

"P. M?" Mrs. Muciller remarked. "Not a very suitable time to engage a governess. However, that is not my affair."

Noddy was so really anxious to secure a situation for which she thought herself qualified, that she would have gone had it been M. M.—twelve o'clock at midnight.

"You will not make any frivolous objections about accepting this situation," Mrs. Muciller said. "The family, whoever they are, seem evidenly disposed to engage you, and you will understand I have no further occasion for your services with me. Should and yon will understand I have no further occasion for your services with me. Should you be engaged at once, I do not even see that it would be needful for you to return. You forgot yourself more than once in your demeasor to a visitor of mine; it is not my wish you should have another opportunity of making a similar mistake. If you return at all, it will be your own fault; and if you suffer for it, it will be a consequence of your

own folly."
"I will really try," returned Noddy; "for

own foily."

"I will really try," returned Noddy; "for indeed I am in earnest for employment. But you will not be angry if I return unsuccessful? You would not turn me away?"

"If you return, I do not think I should turn you away. People might talk, I should not turn you out of doors; but if, after once showing you a separate path from my own, and you refuse it, there should be a way I have not yet tried to make you feel my resentment, I will try to find that way. Until you had the prospect of a situation, I have restrained myself, because to exhibit my feeling would be useless and purposeloss. Now, let me tell you that I know something of your deceit and treachery. Thanks to your poisoning Mr. Geogagan's mind against my daughter Julia, he left in the sudden and disgraceful manner he did. You need not disgraceful manner he did, You need not pretend to innocence. You were walking with him the day we went to the picnic, and your lies have brought all this disgrace

"I assure you it was not so. I never said

a word to—"
"You own you walked with him, then?"
"I did," said Noddy quietly; "but—"
"Oh, you did! Vastly fine! You did!
Mrs. Muciller's upper servant and parlormaid walked out for an airing with Mrs. Muciller's guest! Indeed. Cat!" and Mrs.
Muciller bent herself forward, the better to
project her indignation. "Leave the your project her indignation. "Leave the room without a word, or I might forget my own interest, and once out of the house, may be fool enough to forbid your return, even to

such a reception as I can give you. Go!"
Noddy was too angry to cry. She went.
Mrs. Muciller's words were too unjust to
stab. No one knew their injustice better
than Noddy. The one bit of truth, that she had taken a walk with Mr. Geogagan, she was not ashamed of. Mrs. Muciller's deduction from it, about its being the means of breaking off Julia's expected match, needed no contradiction. Noddy knew that, and, what is more, knew that her step-mother knew it too. The mistake of women's disputes is their predilection for hanging a quarrel on any peg but the right one. Had Mrs. Muciller confined herself to saying she hated Noddy, and always had done so, she would have been completely justified, and would have succeeded in making her victim

The 7.15 train set Noddy down at a little country station, in the middle of the New Forest, amid a wilderness of tree-beauty, Such a proceeding I can only stigmatize as contemptible and systematic villainy. Your future course, whilst you remain in my house—"
But Mr. Frank just walked into the hall, took his hat, and scribbling a pencilled adtook his hat, and scribbling a pencilled adtook his hat, and scribbling a pencilled adtook his hat, and scribbling a pencilled additional manner. The second misty glory. A few minutes, and a second misty glory. A few minutes, and a second misty glory. A few minutes, and a second misty glory. all the sombre trees, and burned them into a red misty glory. A few minutes, and a shaggy pony became visible, drawing a small phæton out of the forest shade! The man drove up, and asked for Miss Cray.

"No luggage, mum, I think?—No. Perhaps you won't mind sittin' by me. The road is roughish, and the front seat is more springer."

springy."

So Noddy perched herself beside the coachman, and the shaggy pony began a shuffling sort of running trot, and the "carriage" began to glide and bump over the grassy forest-path.
"How far is Pinewood?" Noddy in-

quired. "A matter of five mile, mum—Miss, I could say—but the road is a rum un." So it seemed. Over humps and bumps in the lawny way, and the forest-path twisting and winding about among the majestic trees; the wheels singing pleasantly on the grass, grating a stone here and there, or going over a bough yonder, but the pony shuffling along over everything with a happy

ee-saw swaying of his bead. Are they at home?"
Yes'm—leastways, Miss."

"Who did you say your master was?"
Noddy wanted to know something of the folks she was going to.
"I didn't say he was no one, did I?" He thought this too sharp, however; for he added: "He's the governor-that's what

incest atrocious take in, and she said so.

"We'll, but," said Mrs. Sharing, "the company was prospering when he left India, and there is no reason to suppose he has been guilty of intentional deception."

"What has that to do with it? How does that make any reparation for the injury it has caused to my daughter's prospects? Everybody knows of the engagement, and people will talk. Oh, how they will talk! It is shominable? It will be most prejudicial to Julia to break it off now; but it must be done at any cost. And a most fortunate escape it will be."

Mrs. Muciller returned to tea at Braithest eatlerstion is her behavior to Mr. Geogragus, who appeared in very fair spirits, and entirely unsuspicious of the coming storm.

Mrs. Muciller was a woman of quick saction; a course once resolved on with her was a this:

"Wented a providence. Here have we been trying the she London papears for weeks, and the gist the Jondon papears for weeks, and the gist of the windows looked out on the pillow propertion. I'll read it:

"Wanted—a Governess. The advertisor a child turned eight years old. English only required. Hants."

Leverybody knows of the engagement, and people will talk. Oh, how they will talk! It is shominable? It will be most prejudicial to Julia to break it off now; but it must be done at any cost. And a most fortunate escape it will be."

Mrs. Muciller returned to tea at Braithest editions and there is no too many be imagined, in not the most placid serenity of mind. She made not the slightest end of the concise may be imagined, in not the most placid serenity of mind. She made not the slightest end of the control of the control

was a comfortable smile on her face as she asid—

"Miss Cray, I believe—in answer to the letter? Will you follow me, my dear?"

Noddy followed her out of the room, and along a cool, white hall, to a door. The old lady knocked.

"My master is within; please to enter."

Master, thought Noddy, and trembled at the prospect of the approaching ordeal; but the housekeeper had opened the door, and Noddy had to go in. The room was larger than the other; it was also darker inasmuch as the bluds were half-way down, and no lights to enliven the gloom. Noddy could only distinguish dimly the figure of a man, in a great chintz-covered easy-chair, at the far end of the room. She judged him to be elderly by his rectining as if with gout, his legs making two great bolster-like parcels in front of him. The hair that strayed out beneath his velvet skull-cap appeared white, and he addressed her in a slow voice of some firmness.

"Be seated, Miss Cray, if you please."

"Be seated, Miss Cray, if you please." Norah took a seat.
"Your letter appeared to me straight forward.

Norah bowed. Norah bowed.

"You think yourself competent for the situation, you say. I hope you have thoughtfully considered the terms in which I advertised, before venturing to make such a statement? It is a situation which will instatement? It is a situation which will involve some amount of responsibility, as I wish to depend entirely upon the person whom I may select for the education and general oversight of her charge. I will not conceal from you that that charge, in addition to being a responsible one, may prove a difficult one—the lad to whom I refer having many objectionable propensities, that will require to be watched and corrected."

"I think you stated in the advertisement the child is eight years of age," Norsh said.

anid.
"" Turned eight,' are the words employed.

"'Turned eight,' are the words employed. He is, in fact, 'turned eight.'"
"Then, I think there is every hope that those propensities may be subdued."
"I hope so. And in proof of your ability to bring about such a result, I conclude you can give me some testimonials, received from previous situations."
She had not thought of that.
"I have never been out before," Noddy anid.

"'H'm. Then your method of procedure would be tentative? That is a grave con-

sideration."
"I would try to do my best," said Noddy, "I would try to do my best," said Noddy, eagerly, "if the child is not too old, and not beyond my capacity to teach. I'm not clever nor accomplished, but it was your plainness in advertising led me to think I might suit. You said: 'English only required.'"

"Exactly, but the best of English. And you will bear in mind that there are many your English persons who can talk there or

more English persons who can talk three or four foreign languages than can speak their own with correctness."

Noddy's heart began to sink.

The advertisement doesn't say the best "The advertisement doesn't say the test of English," she said.

"No, it says English, and only the very best can be called that."
Noddy thought of Mrs. Muciller and of her own prospects at Braithfield, if she lost the control of th

She determined on a despairing But the child is yet young, only eight;

and I can teach him till he is ready for some one wiser. Indeed I will do my "Turned eight—if you please. He is in fact 'turned' sine. He is at least ten years

of age."

"Then," Noddy said, just ready to cry with disappointment, "I suppose I am not competent? You may know better English than I do—but you have not made a brave use of it to torture a poor girl who wants

work."

"Miss Cray, I believe you are so far competent that I have no hesitation in offering you the situation. You speak truth, in spite of its being calculated in many a similar to have you an engagement. I

lar case to lose you an engagement. I therefore see you are likely to give instruc-tion. Will you accept my situation of gover-Noddy hardly believed her cars

fulness.
"You have not mentioned terms, remem-

"Then I have only one other question to

ber.

put. You may think it a strange one, but I shall be obliged if you will answer it. Do you know what you are?" There was a distinct alteration in the old gentleman's voice

that sounded queer.
"No," Noddy said, blankly enough.
"Then I must ask another. Do you know what day this is?"
"The 29th of September."

what day this is:

"The 29th of September."

"Then you are the biggest little Michaelmas goose that ever was!" and the elderly gentleman kicked off his gouty legs, and pitched his skull-cap and wig into the fender; "and you had better own it, Noddy!"

There stood Mr. Frank Geogagan.

"Turned eight, Noddy," he said; "and turned eight-and-twenty, for the matter of that. Behold your pupil! Of the establishment, you see I am the governor. You have already given me your promise to be governors. Do you wish to withdraw it?"—and he came towards her. e came towards her.

Noddy was utterly disconcerted for the

moment, but she got out of his way. "Mr. Frank," she said, "I answered your question, now please answer mine. Do you know what you are ?"
"No," said Mr. Frank.

"You are a most dreadful horrid story; that's what you are. You said you had lost all your money." Noddy was nearly crying. "No. I said, 'all I had in India"—which was quite true, and six thousand pounds. I did not tell you I had brought four times that sum home with me. "You told me you were going to seek employment." Mr. Frank was dodging her

added: "He's the governor—that's what he is."

"And the child?" asked Noddy, a little rebuffed. "A girl, I suppose?"

The coachman looked at her severely.
"No," he said doggedly: "it ain't a girl. Come up, Peg, can't you?"—the last remark being addressed in a surly tone to the poory.

It was getting dusk when Noddy arrived. She was shown into a spacious room, com-

won't take it back again? you will forgive me the artifice? For I love you as I can love no other woman."

Mr. Frank canght her up. "It is a very bad story," she said. But Mr. Frank gathered her to him in his arms; and Noddy did not refuse. He folded her to him against his breast, and Noddy did not refuse. He hushed her sobs as she lay nestled against him like a bird that has found shelter. "I love you with all my heart," she murmured, "and I'm so happy!" (in proof of which she was wiping tears from her eyes); "but you don't think I loved you for your mency?"

"I'm sure you didn't, little goose," said Frank, soothing her with kieses.

"I had rather you hadn't any at all, and that we had to work together."

"Nonsense, Noddy; you have forgotten you are a little woman of property yourself. Just come out with me and take the first instalment of a quartor's interest for your twenty pounds." He led her through the house, and out into the dairy, to have a draught of warm new milk. It was from Noddy's investment—the finest milch cow on the farm.

Noddy's investment—the finest milch cow on the farm.
Somehow, the comfortable old house-keeper didn't seem altogether surprised at Mr. Frank's walking about the shrubbery with his new governess on his arm; I think she must have been in the secret.
Noddy did not return to her step-mosher. In three days she was Mr. Frank's wife, and as there were no cards, this is how Mr. Geogagan informed Mrs. Muciller of Noddy's marriage:

"MADAM—I beg to inform you that Miss Cray has accepted the situation. "FRANK GEOGAGAN."

## SUMMER DAYS.

In summer when the days were long, We walked together in the wood; Our heart was light, our step was strong. Sweet flutterings were there in our blood, In summer, when the days were long.

We strayed from morn till evening came; We gathered flowers and wove us crowns; We walked mid popples red as flame, Or sat upon the yellow downs, And always wished our life the same.

In summer, when the days were long, We leaped the hedge-row, crossed the brook, And still her voice flowed forth in song, Or else she read some graceful book, In summer, when the days were long.

And then we sat beneath the trees, With shadows lessening in the noon, And in the sunlight and the breeze, We feasted, many a gorgeous June, While larks were singing o'er the leas.

In summer, when the days were long, On dainty chicken, snow-white bread, We feasted with no grace but song. And plucked wild strawberries, ripe and red, In summer, when the days were long.

We loved, and yet we knew it not. For loving seemed like breathing then; We found a heaven in every spot, Saw angels, too, in all good men, And dreamed of God in grove and grot.

In summer, when the days are long, Alone I wander, muse alone; I see her not, but that old song Under the fragrant wind is blown, In summer, when the days are long. Alone, I wander in the wood,

But one fair spirit, hears my sighs; And haif I see, so glad and good, The honest daylight in her eyes That charmed me under earlier skies. In summer, when the days are long.

In summer, when the days are long,
I love her as we loved of old;
My heart is light, my step is strong,
For love brings back those hours of gold,
In summer, when the days are long.

Let Sleeping Bogs Sleep.

There is a great deal of worldly wisdom in the old proverb, "Let sleeping dogs lie." How often a slander would die a natural death if one didn't fight it. Tennyson well says: "A lie which is all a lie may be net and fought with outright, but a lie which is part of a truth is a harder matter to fight." And when a slander has, as is usually the case, the least little background of ugly truth, it is better to let the sleeping dog lie. Left to itself, the public may charitably be-lieve the whole a fabrication; but told au-thoritatively that something, be it ever so little, is wrong, they straight begin to be-lieve the very worst. Past differences, too, lieve the very worst. Past differences, too, are among the dogs it is best to let lie. You quarrelled with your friend last year or last week, but the thing is over now. Don't delude yourself into thinking that since you are both cool you can go into the matter calmly and set it all right. When the subject is hought in the subject is hought in the subject is hought in the ject is brought up again, and held in the light, for you both to look at, ten chances to one you will both feel precisely as before, and the same bitter words will rise from and the same bitter words will rise from heart to tongue; and then what potion shall bid the dog back to his slumbers? When you see a member of your own household maintaining what you think a sulky silence, don't try to talk him out of it. It only leads him to express the feeling he is silently trying to keep under, and words have a curious vitality. They are a good deal more rying to keep under, and words have rious vitality. They are a good deal more actual than looks, or than ever so sulky a silence, and you will find it far less easy to forget them. We have all heard of the little boy who pulled up his beans every day to see how they grew, and what was the fate of his garden, and a good many other things besides beans boar handling equally ill. They are a good deal

Brigham Young has sent an order to a Boston merchant for one thousand dollars' worth of cosmetics and flavoring extracts. This is what comes of having a hundred or

two of wives.

two of wives.

Their barns are too small.

Picnics in a certain town in Pennsylvania are wound up by the girls standing in a long row, while the young men go along the line and kiss them all "good-night." This winding-up business is always anxiously looked for by the girls, but is rather hard on

the young men.

You may make an ignorant stomach give up its poison, but an ignorant faith never gives up what it once has swal-lowed.

Pedale

### Home-Outside and Inside.

Bayard Taylor, in speaking of his house, planned by himself, says:—"I made two mistakes at the start; the first was, I allowed my thoughts to dwell too much on the outside of the house; fitting the internal arrangements to the external forms, instead of the reverse. The true way of planning is to make the inside first, and then enclose it." Mr. Taylor thu; indicates the cause of many failures in house building, and the reason why showy mansions are so often uncomfortable homes. Men build not for their own convenience and ease, but for the eyes of their neighbors. They crucify the body and the women, in order that the pride of the eye and the vanity of the heart may be gratified. The outside, which is to be seen, controls the inside, which is to be used.

This disposition to sacrifice the useful for the ornamental, the comfort of the family for the "looks" of the thing, is not by any means confined to house building. It also expresses itself in life and education of the means confined to house building. It also expresses itself in life and education of the home circle. The true idea of home is not a boarding-house, but a private dwelling, wherein father, mother, and children are engaged in the interchange of offices of love, in teaching and learning the lessons of religion, the rules of life, and in forming habits of norality and industry. He who setteth the solitary in a house" designs the home for the place of honor, of love, of authority, of obedience, of the tenderest relations, and of permanent, beneficent, formative influence. He intended that it should be the surest foundation of national life, and the best nursery of individual character. But modern society has "sought out many inventions" whereby to improve on the work of the Creator. God wished man to plan their homes from the "inside," they allow their thoughts to dwell too much on the outside; and form the family habits and tastes not according to the good, the true, and the beautiful, but to meet the requisitions of fashionable life. The best room is a show room kept sacred for "callers" and parties; the furniture, which ought to provide for the comfort and express the taste of the family, is objied from the last Parisian importation; the books are only so many feet of blue and gold binding; in fact, the interior of the home is arranged with almost exclusive reference to the "set" in which the family moves.

A similar blundering regard for "appear

exclusive reference to the "set" in which the family moves.

A similar blundering regard for "appearances" governs the habits, education, and the life of the family. Dress, calls, parties, and entertaining company mortgage the time up to its full amount; no leisure is left for those home duties and kindnesses, without which even the palace is another name for a restaurant, and a ledging place with a restaurant, and a ledging place with a rewhich even the palace is another name for restaurant, and a lodging place with a reception-room. There is no authority, no obedience, but feeble love, slight manifestations of kindness, little religion, surface education, showy accomplishments, preceduation, women and beardless men, indicate effects of the sad mistake which induced the founder of the family to plau his home with an exclusive reference to the "outside," We suggest that there is a call for the or-We suggest that there is a call for the organization of a reform movement, whose object shall be to influence men and women to plan their homes from the "inside," and to train their families for the service of the Lord and of the nation, instead of for the admiration of a "set" and the patronizing smiles of Mrs. Grundy. Then there will be more marriages, more children, more true men and noble women, and more contentment, which, with godliness, is about the greatest gain that can be gathered from life.

— Watchman and Reflector. Watchman and Reflector.

# THE MARKETS.

THE MARKETS.

FLOUR—There has been rather more inquiry. Sales 8000 bils at \$56,55,50 for superfine; \$5,756,625 for extra; \$6,506.85 for extra; \$6,506.85 for Northwest extra family, the latter rate for choice; \$6,607,25 for Penna family; \$8,75.28 for Indiana and Ohio family, and \$8,350,10 bils bil for fancy brands, according to quality.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in good demand. Sales 75,000 bus of Penna, Western and Southern red at \$1,500,16 for prime, and \$1,2562,1,50 for fair to good, and 15,000 bus of white at \$1,5562,1,70 bus, according to quality, Rye—3000 bus of new Western. Penna and Southern sold at \$1,192,1,16 bbus. Corn—Sales of 30,000 bus of Penna and Delaware yellow at \$1,1862,1,19; 40,000 bus mixed Western at \$1,1366,1,19; bus. Onte—Sales of 80,000 bus new at \$1,1562,1,98 bbus. Onte—Sales of 90,000 bus new at \$1,1562,1,98 bbus. Onter \$1,1562,1,98 bbs. Sell at \$1,1562,1,98 bbs. Sell

FRUIT-Peaches sell at 50c@ \$1,75 \$ banket, and green Apples at \$1,50@4 \$ barrel, as to

HOPS-Sales at 7@12c for New York and Wes-HOPS—Sales at 763-2c for New York and Western.

HAY—Prime Timothy Hay, \$\(\gamma\) 100 \$\(\text{Bs}\), \$\(\gamma\), \$\(\ga

AREAD OF ALL COMPETITORS IS
ARICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD for the
piano-forte, being the only book the teacher requires,
and the book every pupil is attracted to. 150,000
copies already sold, and the demand greater than
ever before, 20,000 copies now selling every year. Its
lessons are adapted to pupils of all ages, and its excrises are attractive and useful in every stage of advancement. This book has, on account of its actual
meril, become the standard work of plano instruction, and the only one which every well-informed
teacher and scholar uses. Price \$5.75. Sent, post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Pablishers.

CHARLES II. DITSON & CO.,

THI Broadway, New York.

PELECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Lectures commence Oct. th, 1899. Thirty students taken at \$30. No other expenses. For particulars, address JOSETH SITES, M. D., 514 Pine St., Philadelphia, Pa. 1921-5m

### Rates of Advertising.

Thirty cents a line for the first insertion. Twenty cents for each additional insertion Payment is required in advance.

### PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.

Young Men and Adults Practically Educated for th COUNTING-HOUSE and Business Life, at

### Crittenden's Commercial College,

637 Chestaut St., Cor, of Seventh.

The longest established, the best organized, and the most largely attended Commercial College in the city. In the practical value of its well tried course of instruction, and in the number of applications received from business houses for its graduates to fill vacant positions it is unequalled. The instruction includes...

BOOK.KEEPING in all its branches, as practiced by the best accountains and business men.

PENMANSHIP. A free, rapid and boantiful style of business writing taught by a superior penman. Ornamental Writing taught by a superior penman. Ornamental Writing taught when required.

COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS, including the best short and improved methods in actual use.

COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS, INSURING the best short and improved methods in actual use. BUSINESS PAPERS, Business Practices, Commercial Law, &c.

Students received at any time and instructed at such hours as may best suit their convenience. Instruction given day and evening.

Circulars and information furnished on application. Scotl-48.

# MOUNT HOPE NURSERIES,

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

(Established 1840.)

Gentlemen improving their grounds, Orchardiste, Landscape Gardeners, Nurserymen and Dealers in Trees, will find our stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees the largest, and the collection the most extensive and complete in the U. St.

All orders, large or small, will receive prompt and caronia siteation. Packing for distant points performed in the most skillful and thorough manner. Small parcels sent by mall when so desired. Descriptive and illustrated priced catalogues, sent prepaid on receipt of stamps. as follows:

No. 1.—Fruits, 10 cts. No. 2.—Ornamental Trees, 10 cts. No. 2.—Green-house, 5 cts. No. 4.—Wholes ale, Free Address

Address

ELLWANGER & BARRY, August, 1890. sep4-3t

# TO THE BOOK TRADE.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

# Secrets of the Great City,

A Work descriptive of the VIRTUEN, and the VICEN, the MYNTERIEN, MINE-RIEN and CRIMEN of New York City.

It contains 35 fine engravings; and is the Spiciest, most Thrilling, Instructive, and Cheapest work published.

Agents are meeting with unprecedented success. One in Mariborough, Mass., reports 35 subscribers in a day. One in Lucrene Co., Fu., 44 in a day. One in Mueriden, Ct., 68 in two days, and a great many others from 100 to 200 per week. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a tuil description of the work. Address JONES BROTHERES & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Published in both English and German.

## AGENTS WANTED FOR Sights and Secrets

OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL. A work descriptive of Washington City; its high and low life, magnificent public buildings, hidden mysteries, villanies and corruptions, the inside work ings of the Government. Showing how the public money is squandered; how rings are managed; how officials are blacked mailed; how counterfeiting is carried on; and all about fermale lobby members, ladjerks, &c. It is the spiciest, most thrilling, instructive, and startling book published.

If Seed for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address.

LATED STATES FERLISHING CO., ap17-6m.

## AGENTS WANTED FOR "WONDERS OF THE WORLD,

COMPERING

BY C. G. ROSENBERG. OVER ONE THOUSAND ILLUSTRATIONS

By the most distinguished Artists in Europe and America.

The largest, best illustrated, most exciting, amusing, instructive, entertaining, startling, homorous, and attractive subscription book ever published. Send for circulars with terms at once. Address: UNITED STATES PUBLISHING CO., 411 Broome St., New York, jy3-2m 129 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

DELLEVUE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Attleboro, Bucks county, Pa. Beautifully located, about twenty miles from Philadelphia. Prominent as a pieas and home and for thorough teaching. For particulars, address W. T. SEAL, A. M., Principal.

BHAINERD INSTITUTE, Cranberry, New Jersey, Rev. Elias S. Schenes, A. M., Principal, A. Military Boarding. School of the best class. Propers young gentlemen of 10 to 15 for college or business. Kind and faithful beachers. Gynnasium

8100 TO \$250 PER MONTH GUAR-by Agents everywhere selling our Patent Evertacting White Wire Clothes Lines. Call at or write for par-ticulars to the Girann Wine Miller, 261 North Tnird St., Philadelphia, Fs. sep11-cowit

A CORD HAS BEEN CURED of A great nervous debility, after many years of well, Cons.

LADY WHO HAS BEEN CURED of A great nervous debility, after many years of well, Cons.

A great nervous debility, after many years of well, Cons.

A great nervous debility, after many years of well, Cons.

A great nervous debility, after many years of well, Cons.

A great nervous debility, after many years of well, Cons.

A part of distinguished men and beautiful women many of relief.

Address, P. I. SAGE, Vinegat Maker, Cornmany and Fee Septiment 19 hours, without using Grugs. For circulars, address F. I. SAGE, Vinegat Maker, Cons.

A pamphalet containing valuable information of distinguished men and beautiful women mailed for 35 cents, or sample of 56 for two stamps.

Address, P. I. SAGE, Vinegat Maker, Cons.

Address F. I. SAGE, Vine

# SHERMAN

RUPTURED PERSONS NOTIFIED.

Dr. J. A. SHERMAN, Artistic Surgeon, respectfully notifies his patients, and the large number of afflicted retrous who have called at his office during his absence, anxious to receive the aid of his experience, that is has returned from his professional visit to Havana, and will be prepared to receive them at his office, to 6073 Broadway, New York City.

Dr. SHERMAN's inventious are the only established, secure, and comfortable radical curatives for Hernia, or Rupiaco, in all its varied forms and stages, in persons of every age, without regard to the duration of the larges.

disease.

B. SHERMAN is the founder of the "Marado Grande," Havana, Chao, established several years since for the treatment, by his method, of this most terrible of all human afflictions, where, from the good result of his presonal attention, the afflicted, rather than trust themselves to the care of his pupils, await his periodical visits. Descriptive circulars, with photographic likenesses of cases cured, and other particulars, mailed on receipt of two poetage stamps.

# CRAYONS.

WENDEROTH, TAYLOR & BROWN'S

LATEST NOVELTY.

Connoisscurs in Art, and all who are tired of the old style of photographs, are invited to examine these new Pictures as they pass the Gallery of the undersigned,

914 CHESTNUT STREET.

These beautiful effects, first introduced by this firm, are precisely those of the fine French lithographs "Aux Deux Crayons," and may be imparted to all sizes of portraiture from the Carte de Visite to the learner, beautiful production of the contraints of the co the largest heads.

Wenderoth, Taylor & Brown.

# WANTED HOMES

nics, farriers, farmers, and for general family use, is now OPEN TO THE TRADE.

This is the most practical book of Recipes in the WORLD. Evidence—over 350,000 copies of the work have been sold. Every book store should have from a dozen to 100 copies.

For one copy enclose \$1.25. For price tist to dealers, send for a circular.

Editors who will give this advertisement one insertion, and send us a marked copy, will receive the book post-paid.

This Judy Familt; on, An Evening Viert, And What Came or It, will be ready for agents in August.

Address

A. W. CHASE M.

A Paper for all Children-MONTHLY 25 CENTS A YEAR.

As Pretty as Ever Left the Printer's Hands. The Cheapest Ever Published.

Morro—"Whatsoever things are true, honest, just, pure, lovely, and of good report, think on these things." By filling its pages with beautiful pictures and music, choice original stories, poems, sketches, dialogues, declamations and facts worth knowing, all of a character appropriate to its name and motto, we hope to make a paper that will be welcomed into more homes, will cheer more young hearts, and instruct more young minds than any paper ever yet published for young minds than any paper ever yet published for young minds than any paper ever yet published for young minds than any paper ever yet published for young minds than any paper ever yet published for young minds than any paper ever yet published. ALDEN & TRUE, Publishers, aug21-tf.



DR. B. FRANK. PALMER, PRES A.A.LIMB CS

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS of the WORLD'S EXHIBITIONS IN MEDALS of the WORLD'S EXHIBITIONS IN LONDON AND NEW YORK: also the most Ho-norary Report of the great SOCIETY OF SUR-GEONS OF PARIS, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH and FEENCH.

the ENGLISH and FRENCH.

DR. PALMER gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. It is specially commissioned by the GOVERNMENT, and has the patronage of the prominent OFFICERS of the ARMY and NAVY. SIX MAJOIC-GENERALS and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMES on active duty, while still greater numbers of emisent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their missiontuse.

All Genuine "PALMER LIMBS" have the name of the inventor affixed. Pamphiets, which contain the New Rules for Ampulations, and full information for persons in want of timbs, sent free to applicants, by mail or otherwise.

otherwise.

The attention of Surgeons, Physicians, and all persons interested, is most respectfully solicited.

The well-known LINCOLN ARM is also made solely by this Company. This Arm has the putronage of the U. S. GOVERNMENT.

To avoid the imposition of PIRATICAL COPY-ISTS, apply only to Dz. PALMER, as above directed. Gct20-ly

# THE BOWEN MICROSCOPE.

Magnifying 500 times, mattled for 50 CENTS. THURK for \$1.00. Address F. P. BOWEN, pe27-tf Box 220, Boston, Mass.

\$1.5 ACTUALLY SENT VOU IN AD-\$1.5 VANCE.—Agents wanted immediately every-where to introduce the most popular and modern improved, low-priced Sewing Markine in use. Ad-dress GRANT BROTHERS & CO., Manufacturers,

VINEGAR, HOW MADE FROM Sorghum in 10 hours, without using drugs. For circulars, address F. I. SAGE, Vinegar Maker, Cromwell, Conn.

# Berkshire Life Insurance Co.,

PITTSFIELD, MASS.,

Hon. THOS. M. PLUNKETT, President.

JAMES FRANCIS, Vice President.

BENJ. CHICKERING, Sec'y and Treasurer. JACOB L. GREENE, Assistant Secretary.

This company offers Greater Inducements to Puicey Holders than any other company in the country. It has a Perpetual Charter, a Furely Mutual Flan, Assets over a Million and a Quarter, able and trustworthy officers. As envisible reputation of seventeen years standing.

The BERKSHHEE was the FIRST CONFANT in the United States to make ALL of its Policies NON-FORFEITABLE.

Every Policy Issued by this Company since April, A. D. 1881, is non-Poursitable, and so expressed in the Policy. An ANNUAL Payment Life Policy is nor ronser; an ANNUAL Payment Life Policy is nor ronser; no by failure to pay Premium when due, but is con-tinued in force under the Massachusetts Law of April, 1881.

One annual payment keeps the policy in force two years and three days. Two annual payments, four years and twelve days. Three annual payments, six years and twenty-oven days. days.

Four annual payments, eight years and forty-six days.

Five annual payments, ten years and thirty-six days.

Six annual payments, twolve years and forty-one days.

Numbers annual

dred and sixty-one days. All Profits Equitably Divided annually smong the insured on the Contribution Plan, affording an An-nual Dividend to Policy Holders ranging from Thirty to Seventy per cents of the premium

WM. H. GRAVES, General Agent.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 329 Walnut Street.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED CALL OR SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. feb13-ty



A Hilind Adherence to Old Idena is absurd in this age of brilliant discoveries. When an invalid can drink the actual counterpart of the famous Solitzer Water in his own chamber, why should he dose himself with revolting catherties? TARRANY SELTZER AFRAIRNY is the equivalent of that peerless combination of alterative and tonic elements, and is admitted to have no equal in the materia medica as a remedy for indigestion, billousness, general weakness, constipation, and tendency of blood to the head. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CANCER Cured without pain, use of the knife, or caustic burning. Circulars sent free of charge. Address, DRS. BABCOCK & SON, 700 Broadway, New York.

# PARLOR STEAM ENGINE:

Made entirely of Metal; Boiler and Furnace complete; will work for hours if supplied with water &c.; free from danger; a child can work it. Sen free with instructions for \$1.00; three for \$2.50, three holds, in the free with instructions for \$1.00; three for \$2.50, in \$1.02 Nassau Street, New York.

GENTS WANTED. 575 TO \$300 per mouth sure, and no rick. We want to engage a good agent in every county in the U.S. and Canadas to sell our Ecericating Patent White Wire Ciothee Lines. Warranted to last a lifetime and never rust, For full particulars to agents, address the AMERICAN WHE CO. 75 William St., New York, or 16 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

A DAY to Male and Femnie 20 agents to introduce the BUCKEYE \$29 SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES, Sutch alice on both sides, and is the only LICENSED SHUTTLE MACHINE sold in the United States for less than \$40. All others are intringenents, and the seller and user are liable to prosecution and imprisonment. Outfit Free. Address W. A. HENDERISON & CO.

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!—MY ITA-grow, thick and heavy on the smoothest face, or hair on the baidest head, in 21 days, in every case, or noney refunded. Sent by mail, postage paid for bit

LOOK, LOOK, My French Compound will I force the beard to gross, thick and he say on the smoothest face, or hadr on the hiddest head in 21 days, 10 every case, or money retunded. Sent by tail, postage paid, for 50 cents a package, or 5 for \$1. Address JAGGERS & BHRELL, 1020 Brooklyn St., St. Louis, Mo.

URE B. A. PARNESTOCK'S VERMI-

Agents! Read This!
WE will pay agente a calary of \$30
per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions.
Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marahali, Mich.

THE MAGIC COMB will charge any colored hair or beard to a permanent Black or Brown. One Comb sent by mail for \$1. For sale by merchants and druggiest generally. Address Magic Comb Co., Springfield, Mass.

# 10,000 AGENTS WANTED FOR

This most exciting and interesting book, by a popular duthorese, is now ready, and those who wish to can asse for is should apply immediately for circular, (with stamp enclosed,) stating terrisory desired, experience, dc. Agoitse wanted everywhere for this and other first class books and engravings, by CRITTENDEN & McKINNEY, 1306 Chestaut 8a., Philadelphia, Pa.

# WATCHES FOR THE MILLION.

The GREAT TRADE INPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, (Incorporated by the State) sell FINE GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, upon the one price general average system, at \$10 sach. Be sure to obtain a circular before buying elecuhers. Agente wanted. Address MICHELITS & CO., Managers, Broadway, conner Pulton St., New York.

WANTED AGENTS. STO to \$100 per month, overwhere, male and female, to introduce the NEW NOVELTY SEWING MACHINE. A new thing, with the latest improvements. Frice for Hand Machine, 415, with table and foot power, \$55. Send for circular, with cut of machine and terms to agents. Address W. S. HILL, Manchester, N. H.

ANTEB—On salary or commission, experioned agents for the GENERAL HISTORY
AND CYCLOPEDIA OF PRIEEMARONEY. TOO
pages; RO engravings. For members of the fraternity this is a rary chance. Send for circular. M. W.
HEDDING, 607 Broadway, New York.

THE ENTEY COTTAGE ORGAN is the
best and chapted. Contains the intest improvements Vox Forman and Fox Judicines. J. EDTEY
& Co., Sole Manufacturers, Bratilebora, Vi.

# GOLD INK.

Violet and Funcy Colored links, Over one dozen of the most brilliant and delicate shades. These laks flow freely from the pen and are un-equalled for private correspondence. They can be used as paint, with a brush, and for Coloring Photographs or Pictures are univalled.— Sent tree for 50 cents. Great inducements to agents, Send stamp for circular. HORRITS & CO., P. O. Box 2006, New York.

EMPLOYMENT that pays. For particulars, address S. M. Brancan & Co., Bratileboro, Vt. an a Day for all. Address A. J. PULLAM, N. Y.

MANIFEST DESTINY. Every one who is interested in the great questions and startling phenomena of the day—the Revolutions in Spain, France and other parts of Kurope; the advance of Republicanism; the crambling of monarchy, the solution of the Cuban question, &c., should have this little book in hand, as it treats of the subjects at lease to day in a masterly and interesting style. Send 60 cents and two 8 cent stamps for a copy to the Publisher, E. B. EATON, M. D., 6538 Broadway, corner of Bond, New York.

A Beavy Monstnehe in a few weeks, Send 10 cts. to W. WAY, Chesapeake City, Md.

A GENTS WANTED Local and Travelling— for the New American Patent Ment and Vegetable Chopper, The best blag in the market, without exception, For Cut of Mackine, terms, do., address D. A. NEWTON & CO., 38 Cortlands St., New York.

100,000 Agents of both sex wanted. Samples and circular sent for 28 cents. Address MARSH & CO., 7 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass.

# Book Agents Wanted. We want Ten Thousand good, reliable

Our New West, To whom the Highest Commissions will be pead. No other work selling half as fast. Besulffully flustrated, over 800 pp., and sold for 83. The rected and best Book on the Great Hest actual—so say all the leading journals and entant men. Send for our Circulars, with fall

formation and terms. Address HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Ct. AGENTS WANTED FOR

# HOMES AND

FORTUNES In the boundless West and sunny South. It speaks to the young man of a home and fortune, where and how to seek it; It tells the capitalist where to lavest; the laborer, to find good wages; the farmer, the best ladds; the merchank, the manufacture, the professional man and the mechanic of the great chances open to them; It tells everyhody just what they ought to know, about the vast resources and wonderful progress in every part of this great country. New, fresh, interesting and popular. Send for circular. Enterprising men can learn of a money-making business by addressing PEOPLES PUBLISHING CO., 614 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

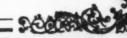
# COLBURN'S PATENT RED JACKET AXE



VALE. Principal Marie Vele Semi.



SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS



# WIT AND HUMOR.

AFTER THE PRENCH OF VICTOR HUGO,

The cat is the concrete symbol of a vacil-

lating politician.

It is always on the fence!

It is the feline embodiment of one of the profoundest human principles wrenched from the circumambience of the Unknown, and hurled into the bosom of con-

Nine tailors make one man. A cat has nine times the life of one man, for it has nine lives. Possession, also is nine points of the law. Behold a legal possession of existence equal to the span of eighty-one clothiers' lives.

Let us bow reverently before this august

Let us how reverently before this august fact.

The wanderer by the midnight seashore, when the moon—that argent cornucopie of Heaven—is streaming forth her flowers and fruits of radiance, and the fillimitable is illuminated by the ineffable, will have remarked the phosphorescent ridges that cointillate along the willow tops, until the breakers seem to curve and snort like horses' necks with manes of lightning clad.

50, ch, man, when in the darkness of thine own chamber, thou passest thine hand along the furry spine of this feline phantom of the back-yard, the electric sparks dart forth, and a flash of lightning fuses together the fingers and fur.

Exquisite antithesis of nature! The firstide embraces the ocean. The hearthstone

side embraces the ocean. The hearthstone is paved with seashells. The monsters of the deep disport reflected in glowing embers. The infinite abroad is brought into amalgamation with the finite At Home.

The ocean rears.
The oat only purs.
The billows rise and culminate and

The cat's back rises. The feline tide is

up and we have a permanent billow of fur and flesh.

Oh impossible co-existence of uncontra-dictory contradictions!

The Duke of Wellington was pronounced the greatest captain of his age. General Grant is pronounced the greatest captain of his

his.

The greatest captain of any age, was the captain with his whiskers.

Let us not call this the tergiversation of history. Call it rather the tergiversation of

The whiskers of the captain.

The whiskers of the cast.

The whiskers of the cast.

The hirsute exponent of martial supremacy. The feline symolism of the Bearded Lady, crossing her claws before the family Jealousy has been called the green-eyed

The cat is the green-eyed monster.

Both lie in wait. One is the fox, the other the friend of the fireside. Either is to be met with in almost every family. Each

be met with in almost every family. Each is of both sexes.

"Old Tom" gin, in excess, is one of man's bitterest bibulous foes; man is the bitterest bibulous foe of Old Tom cats. The one puts the bricks in the hat of the second to be shied at the head of the third.

Oh osculations between sky and earth! Oh lips of the Seen touching the lips of the Unseen! Oh wave of thought careering through the asymptotes of cloudland, crystallising into angelic feel the tangents of humanity.

The stars are out at night.

Choice of Ancestors,

The stars are out at night.

So are the cats!

The Man Who Laughs.

It is very well known that Professor Hux-ley is a leading exponent of the views of Mr. Darwin. An incident relating to his early Darwis. An incident relating to his early championship of these doctrines, though often related, is characteristic, and will bear repeating. Just after the "Origin of Species" was first published, the subject came up at the Oxford meeting of the British Association, in which Samuel Wilberforce, the Bishop of Oxford, participated. The bishop is a man of elegant, cleaginous manners, who has acquired the sobriguet of "Soapy Sam," which he wears very good-naturedly. A lady once asked him how he came by this curious title—to which he neatly replied that "It must be because I so often get into hot water, and always come out with clean hands." The bishop closed a sarcastic speech against the Darwinians, by turning to Professor Huxley, their leading representative, and blandly asking, in the presence of the large audience, "Is the learned gentleman really willing to have it go forth to the world that he believes him.

learned gentleman really willing to have it go forth to the world that he believes himself to be descended from a monkey?" Professor Huxley rose and replied, in his quiet manner, "It seems to me that the learned bishop hardly appreciates our position and duty as men of science. We are not here to inquire what we would prefer, but what is true. The progress of science from the beginning has been a conflict with old prejudices. The true origin of man is not a question of likes or dialikes, to be settled by consulting the feelings, but it is a not a question of these or diames, to be set-tled by consulting the feelings, but it is a question of evidence, to be settled by strict scientific investigation. But, as the learned bishop is curious to know my state of feel-ing upon the subject, I have no hesitation in saying, that, were it a matter of choice with me (which clearly it is not) whether I should be descended from a respectable monkey, or from a bishop of the English Church who can put his brains to no better use than to ridicule science and misrepresent its cultivators, I would certainly choose the monkey?" The storm of applause which followed showed that the hit was appreciated, and Huxley was afterwards known as "the man who had extinguished 'Soapy

American Customs

American Customs.

Mr. William J. Flagg, in his "Three Seasons in European Vineyards," says that when in Languedoc, travelling by rail, one of his companions said,

"The gentleman is from America."

"Ask him, then," said a woman, "if the men there can have as many wives as they

nen there can have as many wives as they

"Yes, madam; some of us take one, two, or as many more as we can support; but we do it to carry out our conscientious convictions-just as your monks, from an equally

"Horrible!" she cried.
"Abominable!" said a priest, who had just then turned round to listen.
"Not a bit abominable," growled a gray old farmer from behind me. "Much better have too many wives than none at all."

3000



IRISH MATE.—"How manny iv ye down ther-re?" VOICE FROM THE HOLD.—"Three, sor!" MATE.—"Thin half iv ye come up here immadiately!"

A fellow of infinite jest gets off the fol-lowing report of the Fashion and Matri-monial Markets:—Since our last report "switches" have had a downward tendency monial Markets:—Since our last report "switches" have had a downward tendency and are now on the decline. Only three tons arrived last week, and shippers and holders look blank. "Rolls" are higher, with a prospect of steady advance. The market will not be glutted for some time to come. "Waterfalls" are scarce, though the demand is limited. The great "fall" they experienced early in the season had a depressing effect on the shippers. The Grecian Bend is limited to a few first-class spines, the general public, especially the business men, look upon it with distrust, and it is feared that holders will have to re-ship. Paint and Enamel are brisk, and prices firm. Barber & Druggist report large sales, and predict a large number of antiquated, saffron-colored women. Trails still continue to advance—after the wearer get five or ten feet ahead. They will hold out as long as the wallet of Pater Familias. Corsets continue to regularly supply physicians and patent medicine men with patients. The market is "tight." Brides are now in good demand. Hymen & Love report three sales at five thousand dollars each, but as these were where "papa" was worth a hundred thousand, they cannot be taken as a fair index of the market. Holders are re-looking for better prices. was worth a bundred thousand, they cannot be taken as a fair index of the market. Holders are re-looking for better prices. Bridegrooms are a glut in the market, being displayed on every corner in the city, and densely packed in front of second-class hotels. We quote one pair of tight pants, plug hat, yellow eyes, and hair parted in the middle, at thirty cents. He was sold in bulk or the price would not have been so high.

The sermon on the "Harp of a thou-sand strings," reminds a Georgia cerrespondent of an incident that occurred in his neigh-borhood, where two Hard-Shell Baptist preachers on one occasion happened to be in the same pulpit together. While one was preaching he chanced to say, "When Abra-ham built the ark—"

The one behind him strove to correct his

blunder by saying out loud, "Abraham

But the speaker pushed on, heedless of the interruption, and took occasion shortly to repeat, still more decidedly, "I say, when Abraham built the ark—"

"And I say," cried out the other, "Abra-im warn't thar."

The Hard-Shell was too hard to be beaten

down in this way, and addressing the people, exclaimed, with great indignation, "I say Abraham was thar, or therebouts."

An Apelegy.

A funny story is told of Gen. Sherwood, ecretary of the state of Ohio. The general has a sightly person, and knows it. Being at the depot in Sandusky a day or two ago, walking the platform, in a plain linen duster, he was rather loudly accosted by a friend. An old codger, sitting in a car near, overheard the salutation, and remarked to a companion that he didn't believe that was the Secretary of State no how. "Hello, you!" yelled the old codger to the general. "Be yeou the Secretary of State?" "That's what they call me," said the distinguished individual. "Waal, then," retorted the old chap, "guess I owe you an apology." "How so?" asked the Secretary of State. "Why, yeou see, this 'ere fellow said yeou was the Secretary of State, and I told him I didn't believe it; I stuck to it that you was a hog drover!" The conversation was abruptly broken off at this point.

A LAWYER, Too.—A few days since, a well-known lawyer of Waterbury, Conn., bought a railroad ticket for New Haven, and after taking a seat in the cars, found, on looking over his change, that the agent had given him one dollar too much. He accordingly returned, and informing the agent of his mistake, handed back the money. For a moment the agent stood speechless; then he grasped him by the hand, and exclaimed: "Please stand still one moment, air, and let me look at you—and a lawyer, too!" and a lawyer, too!

PROPESSOR B ..... , the eminent electrician . Phofesson B—, the eminent electrician, was travelling lately in the cars, when a man came up and asked him for his fare.

"Who are you?" said B——.

"1? My name is Wood; I am a conductor."

ter." "Oh," said the Professor, very quietly, "that can't be, for wood is a non-conduc-

A worthy old salt remonstrated with a lecturer the other day for speaking "of the sounding brass." "Any lubber," he remarked, "ought to know that the lead is the thing that we take soundings with."

A LESSON IN LOVE.

Light was her step upon the stair,
I did not hear it, yet my heart
Divined her coming, knew her there,
Felt it in every throb and start.
I rose to meet her; rose yet stayed,
Something forbade my drawing near;
"Her heart responds to mine," I said,
"And she will know I linger here."

The radiance of her beauty seem'd To make the light through which she

To make the light shrough which came;
The eyes that 'neath their lashes gloam'd,
Were hardly eyes of blue, but flame:
There was no line, no subtle curve,
No graceful turn to painter known,
That did not her perfection serve,
And I had won her for my own!

Unconscious of my eager gaze,
She moved to music of her train,
The bright exotics sought to raise
Their starry blooms to her in vain:
Supremely happy in the sense
Of youth and loveliness she moved,
No impulse sudden as intense
Bidding her look for one beloved!

Oh, bitter pangs of doubt and fear! Oh, anguish of a tortured breast! How could I deem she held me dear, Who was not moved by my unrest?
Though seas divide us," she had cried,
"Trust me, my heart will throb
thine;"

Yet we were standing side by side, And that cold heart could not divine!

The thought of happy moments spent, Of precious whispers (not so low
But we could gather their intent)
Came back to me, and in the glow
And rapture of the happy past
I chafed to think that this might be, That we, long-parted, met at last, And that duil heart was dead to me!

A moment's space I moved away. In silent anguish wholly dumb; And in that moment, on her way She turned, she murmured, "Art thou

come?
Art thou, indeed? It was no dream,
Haunted me then by day and night!"
I saw her tears of rapture gleam,
I had no words for my delight.

Love's subtle ways are hard to learn, His yoke is equal joy and pain, What if rose-fetters blush and burn, The chain of roses is a chain: That precious moment taught me this,
The truth is of my life a part—
The heart will never know the bliss,
That does not rankle with the smart.

to A young lady once married a man by the name of Dust against the wishes of her parents. After a short time they lived unhappily together, and she returned to her father's house; but he refused her, saying: "Dust thou art, and unto Dust thou shalt return." return.

# AGRICULTURAL.

Packing Butter.

A few years since a dairyman of our acquaintance who had been particularly unfortunate in his sales, sent for a noted butter maker to learn the secret of making a high priced article. The man came and looked over the premises, and the only advice given was, "You need a clean, sweet, well-ventilated cellar for storing butter, and it must be need for pothing else. They get well-ventilated cellar for storing butter, and it must be used for nothing elso. Then get oak firkins, heavy hooped, air-tight and made just as handsome as the best cooper can turn them out. You need no change in your process of manufacture. This is all you have to do, and I will warrant you succeas." These suggestions were at once adopted, and quick sales, large prices and heavy profits were the result. That dairy has now an enviable reputation, and the butter is eagerly sought after.

A dirty looking package will often lose a good sale. It should have a fresh, clean, sweet appearance when it reaches the consumer, that will please the eye of the most

If sold immediately, however, the loss may fall on somebody else.

The season has now arrived when great care and attention is required of the butter maker to wecure a product that will go into the market sweet and good. In preparing firkins and tube for use, boiling water should be poured into them to seak for twenty-four hours. Then fill with strong brine for two or three days, turn out and rinse with pure cold water, and rub the sides with pure fine salt. Tubs after being filled should be headed and brine poured in at a hole in the top so as to fill all intervening spaces. Firkins when filled may be covered with a thin piece of muslin, upon which is spread a layer of fine salt and then closed with the wooden cover. Store in a clean, sweet, well-ventilated butter celler until ready for market.—X. A. Willard, in West. Burol.

Thinning Out Grapes

Is the importance of thinning out the fruit of the vine duly considered by the majority of cultivators? I think not. From close observation, and even sad experience, the subject, in my opinion, calls for much more attention than is usually given. In young vines, this is particularly the case. Buch vigorous and hardy constituted varieties as the Concord may stand it, but even they will eventually suffer. This fault is not only to be found in the vineyards of the novice, but can be seen almost everywhere, in charge of those who know better. This then being admitted, the next question is, how shall it be remedied? Shall we prune so much shorter, so as not to leave more wood than the vine can carry safely through, or leave more wood, and then thin out the bunches?

through, or leave more wood, and then thin out the bunches?

The latter, in my opinion, will be the best, for by the first plan we get our fruit too much crowded, and throw too much force into the young canes for the following year's bearing. My impression is that when a vine is praned to what would seem about right, the pinching out of every third bunch, at the first operation, pinching back would be the method. I would leave but two bunches on each bearing shoot, and in some instances it is better to leave but one.

We all know that the forming of the seed of any fruit is the heaviest tax on the plant. This being the case, do we not give considerable relief when we diminish this tax one-third? I think we would be safe in counting on having the same weight of fruit in the two bunches as if three are left. Some years ago we grew Concord bunches in this way, which the committee, who were to test them, would not admit to be that variety until they tasted them. For marketing table grapes this is particularly practicable. For instance, let one man take Concords that will average three-fourths of a pound to the bunch, and another have them as usually grown, and my word for it, the large bunches will command nearly double price, not only among the wealthy, but the masses.—Grape Culturist.

The earthy phosphates contained in bone form an invaluable food for the vine. We were forcibly reminded of this on entering the quints of a German gentleman near Monte Video, whose vines exhibited extraordinary luxuriance and fruit-bearing power. He had buried many tons of bones, fresh from the slaughter houses, in the prepared beds at three feet below the surface, and, having accidentally exposed a portion of the needs at three reet below the surface, and, having accidentally exposed a portion of the bed some years afterwards, it was found that fine filaments of the roots had embraced, and even penetrated, the substance of the bone, now quite softened. This may be worth the consideration of those who have never tried it.

PRESERVING EGGS. - A Parisian paper recommends the following method for preservation of eggs: Dissolve four ounces of bees wax in eight ounces of warm olive oil; in this put the tip of the finger and ancint the egg all around. The oil will immediately be absorbed by the shell and the pores filled up by the wax. If kept in a cool place, the eggs, after two years, will be as good as if fresh laid.

# RECEIPTS.

BROILED MUSHROOMS.—Pare some large, open mushrooms, leaving the stalks on, paring them to a point; wash them well, and turn them on the back of a drying slove to drain. Put into a stewpan two ounces of butter, some chopped parsley, and shalots, then fry them for a minute on the fire; when melted, place your mushroom-stalks upward on a saucepan, then pour the butter and parsley over all the mushrooms; pepper and salt them well with black pepper, put them in the oven to broil; when done, put them in the oven to broil; when done, put a little good stock to them, give them a boil, and dish them, pour the liquor over them, adding more gravy, but let it be put

LIMA BEANS .- Let them boil about an hour, and when the water is poured off, season with salt, pepper, and butter. Send to table hot. Dried Lima beans must be soaked over night, and boiled two hours, or

soaked over night, and boiled two house, or until they are soft, and should have some cream added to the dressing. QUINCES, PRESERVED.—Choose the quinces very ripe, yellow, and quite sound; pare, quarter, and core them; put them into pare, quarter, and core them; put them into a little water and scald them, as soon as they are soft, throw into cold water, and put them to drain; clarify, and boil an equal weight of sugar, put in the fruit, cover, and leave them to simmer for an other quarter of an hour, them take them from the fire, skim, and pour the preserves into a pan. In two days drain off the syrup, boil it slightly, add the fruit, give the whole one boil, covered, let it cool a little, and then simmer for a quarter of an hour, after which, leave it till next day, when proceed as above, but boil the syrup more. As soon as above, but boil the syrup more. As soon as the preserve is cool, put it into pots, ad-ding to each a little quince jelly. A little prepared cochineal added to the above will

A dirty looking package will often lose a good sale. It should have a fresh, clean, sweet appearance when it reaches the consumer, that will please the eye of the most fastidious.

There are only a few kinds of wood that are fit to pack butter in. Wood of the ash is extensively used in some sections. It contains an acid very objectionable to butter, and should be rejected. Spruce, pine and gummy woods are often used. They impart a disagreeable flavor to the butter. White oak makes an excellent package, but the wood should be thoroughly seasoned before poor packages because they are cheap. To save a few cents on the package, they are willing to run the risk of losing a considerable sum on the butter which is to fill it.

### THE RIDDLER.

A Missienary Siddle,

The following riddle is said to have been written in aid of the funds of the London Missionary Society, and hence its name. It is, at all events, very ingenious, and is said to be hard of solution:

Come and commis Come and commiserate
One who was blind,
Helpless and desolate,
Void of a mind;
Guileless, deceived, though unbelieving,
Free from all sin;
By mortals adored, still ignored
The world I was in.
(ing Ptolemie's, Cæsar's, and Tilgath's—
Pileser's

King Pholemie's, Cæsar's, and Tilgath's—
Pileser's
Birth-day's are shown;
Wise men, astrologers, all are acknowledgers
Mine is unknown.
I ne'er had a father or mother, or,
rather,
If I had either, then they were neither
Alive at my birth;
Lodged in a palace, bunted by malice,
I did not inherit, by lineage or merit,
A spot on the earth.
Nursed among Pagans, no one baptised me;
A sponsor I had, who ne'er catechised me;
She gave me a name to her heart that was
nearest,
She gave me a place to her bosom was
dearest,

But one look of kindness
She cast on me never,
Nor a word in my blindne
I heard from her ever. Compass'd by dangers,
Nothing could harm me;
By foemen or strangers,
Naught could slarm me.
saved, I destroyed; I blesse

I saved, I destroyed; I blessed, I alloyed;
Kept a crown for a prince,
But had none of my own;
Filled the place of a king,
But ne'er sat on a throne;
Rescued a warrior; baffled a plot;
Was what I seemed not, seemed what I

Was what I seemed not, seemed what I am not.

Devoted to alanghter,
A price on my head,
A king's lovely daughter
Watched by my bed;
Though gentle she dressed me, fainting with fear,
She never caressed me, nor wiped off a

tear; Never moistened my lips, though parching

Never moistened my lips, though parching and dry!

What marvel a blight should pursue 'till she die,

'Twas royalty nursed me,

'Twas royalty oursed me
In secret I'm sure.

I lived not, I died not; but tell you I must,
That ages have passed since I first turned to dust.

This paradox whence? this squalor! this splendor!

spiendor!
Say, was I a king or a silly pretender?
Fathom the mystery,
Deep in life's history;
Was I a man?

An angel supernal?
A demon internal? Solve it who can! Maryland, 1869.

Geometrical Problem.

An auger-hole being made through the centre of a sphere whose diameter is 10 inches was found to consume 16-125 of its solid contents. Required—the diameter of the auger-hole. ARTEMAS MARTIN.

McKean, Eric Co., Pa.

\*\*Tan answer is requested.

There are four numbers in geometrical progression, the second of which is less than the fourth by 24, and the sum of the ex-tremes is to the sum of the means as 7 to 3. tequired—the numbers.

W. H. MORROW.

Irwin Station, Pa.

An answer is requested.

Mathematical Problem.

There is a plane triangle, whose first side is 33 perches longer than the second side thereof; and when a perpendicular from the included angle of these two sides is let fall on the third side, as base thereto, it will meet said base or third side 19½ perches from the middle thereof. I will yet add, that the difference in the squares of the length in perches of the first and second with its found to be 2000. From which it is length in perches of the first and second sides is found to be 9009. From which it is ed the length of each respective side can be found.

DANIEL DIEFENBACH. Kratzerville, Snyder Co., Pa.

Answers to Last.

ENIGMA-

"Twas but a moment-o'er the rose A veil of moss the angel throws— And, robed in Nature's simplest weed, Could there a flower that rose exceed?"

REBUS-"The Shadow of Ashlydyat"-(Turkey, Himalaya, Edinburg, Santiago, Hul, Alps, Damascus, Obe, Worcester, Ohio, Farcwell, Australia, Sacramento, Hindos-tan, Lansing, Yeneser, Daunbe, Yellow tan, Lansing, Yeneser, Stone, Algiers, Teheraw.)

OCHRA.—Boil the young pods in water until tender, and dress with melted butter, vinegar, pepper, and salt.

If you wish them for winter use, slice them very thin, and dry on dishes in the sun, and put away in paper bags.

FORCED TOMATOES.—Prepare the following forcement.—Two opens of mush-

FORCED TOMATOES.—Prepare the following forcemeat:—Two ounces of mushrooms, minced small, a couple of shalots,
likewise minced, a small quantity of parsley,
a slice of lean ham, chopped fine, a few
savory herbs, and a little Cayenne and salt.
Put all these ingredients into a sancepan,
with a lump of butter, and stew all together
until quite tender, taking care that they do
not burn. Put it by to cool, and then mis
with them some bread-crumbs and the wellbeaten yelks of two eggs. Choose large tomatoes, as nearly of the same size as possible; cut a slice from the stalk end of each,
and take out carefully the seeds and juice; and take out carefully the seeds and juice; fill them with the mixture which has already been prepared, strew them over with bread and some melted butter, and bake them in a quick oven ustil they assume a rich color. They are a good accompaniment to veal or calf's-head.